

The Raymond Recorder

The News and Advertising Medium of Southern Alberta's Sugar District

VOL. 3

RAYMOND, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, FEB. 19, 1926

NO.



Our Confidence in the Merits
of the

Maytag Gyrofoam Washer

is such that we offer

One Weeks Free Trial to anyone needing a washer

We are convinced that the Maytag Gyrofoam is superior to any other make. The Gyrofoam is a Miracle Machine, 5 minutes only does a washing absolutely clean

No Rubbing Needed When You Own a Gyrofoam

THE BIG DEPARTMENT STORE

Raymond Merc.

COMPANY, LIMITED

Men's Spring

Hats and Caps

Now on Display

The Broadway Store

Your Interest is Our Interest

PHONE 2

Go to Church Sunday

The Raymond first ward have prepared an excellent program to be given next Sunday afternoon.

The "Go to Church" slogan campaign is producing wonderful results and from present indication a capacity house will be in attendance.

The following program will be given:

Anthem, "Praise Ye the Father."
Baritone Solo, Jas. H. Walker.
Anthem, "The Radiant Morn."
Quartette, Choir members.
Violin Solo, H. D. Weaver.
Duet, Mr. and Mrs. J. Nibson.
Anthem, "Sweet Story of Old".
J. F. Salmon and M. T. King will be the principal speakers.

Hat Here Tomorrow

A big night of sports is arranged for tomorrow night at the Opera House. As the main event the Medicine Hat Medlates will meet the Raymond Dittos in the semi-final fixtures. These two teams represent the top-notchers of the South-eastern league and the southern Alberta league. The preliminary game will be between the "Fats", captained by Wilford W. Palmer, and the "Leans", captained by Jas. H. Walker. These two games, together with 3 boxing bouts which will be held, should make up an evening's sport well worth anybody's half dollar.

News Notes

Lee Brewerton made a trip to Shelby on Wednesday.

Dr. H. Harcourt Heal, dentist, and Dr. A. R. Chisholm, M. D., have moved into their new offices in the new postoffice building.

After the weather man had decided that spring had sprung, he suddenly changed his mind and gave us a touch of winter before the season become too late. The change was welcomed by ice harvesters.

The first time in history the editor failed to get a valentine was when the "Recorder" last year, winning to respect scant hair and advanced years.

Two shows for the price of one! See "Madonna of the Streets" at the Rex tonight and receive a FREE PASS to "His Supreme Moment" showing tomorrow night. Both shows for 45c. Kids 25c.

Mr. Foster, government poultry expert was here last Tuesday for the purpose of registering some of H. A. Jones' white leghorn prize winners.

Local school fair officials are making an effort to secure the aid and interest of parents and business men for this year's exhibition. With this object in view a meeting will be held in Mr. Earl's room at the public school this afternoon at 3 o'clock. All are invited to attend. Parents, particularly, should feel it their duty to attend this meeting, as it is their children who receive the chief benefit of school fairs.

Those interested in bees and honey should attend the meeting to be held in the Town Hall next Thursday, Feb. 25 at 8 p. m. Speakers will be Mr. Luther, Mr. Murks, A. E. Palmer and H. C. Schurtz.

Bishop Jas. E. Meeks is ill with pneumonia in Lethbridge Hospital.

Lily White Poultry Farm

Place your orders with us for HATCHING EGGS

and DAY OLD CHICKS (Registered Stock)

Have 30 laying Pullets for Sale at \$1.00 each

H. A. JONES

or apply at Maple Leaf Bakery Raymond

The local Medlates came home from Friday's game with Cardston High with the small end of a 32-21 score. It was an exhibition game.

Everyone seems to agree that the suggested change in the train service would be a crime against humanity, ethics, policy, prosperity duty, and so on. It is, too!

A card from Paul Dahl, who accompanied the Jacks, contains the news that they lost their first with Spokane with the score of 31-26. The score would point to a most thrilling game.

Merlin Steed, who now ranges the Mountain View hills, has gathered to himself a crew of basketball tossers. They have beaten Cardston unmercifully and are now aching with a fierce and great pain to encounter the Union Jacks. Although we imagine that this would be a case of dehorning "Steebs Celebrated Shorthorns", it is well to encourage the great game in whatever neck of the woods possible. This game should make an interesting exhibition. Lets bring 'em on! "Come one, come all!" should be the slogan of the Jacks.

The provincial championship basketball series will be played the first week in March. It will be thrashed out between the Edmonton Forty-niners and the Union Jacks. Those who saw these teams in action last year will keenly anticipate the clash. The present schedule calls for home-and-home games with total points to count. An effort is being made to change this to two home-and-home games with a view to settle the contest more satisfactorily, and to help the expenditure end as well.

The Jacks are expected home next Friday or Saturday. Up to time this was written, Wednesday, nothing has been heard from the boys this week as to their victories or losses. As press agents the Jacks are darn good basketball players.

G. W. Mendenhall sold 960 acres to the Mennonites, of the Milford Colony last Monday, at a price of about \$45 per acre. The land is situated south of the Buck Ranch.

The twelfth annual Sexagenarian Festival was held Thursday last week at the Opera House. About 200 people, aged 60 and up were entertained at a banquet and program. In the evening a dance for married folks was held.



REX THEATRE

Tonight Only [Friday]

Madonna of the Streets

With Nazimova and Milton Sills

See this great picture tonight at 45c and 25c prices and receive a FREE PASS to the show tomorrow night

His Supreme Moment

Showing at Regular Prices

15c and 30c

Two Big Shows for the Price of One!

Coming Thur., Feb. 25th, Peter B. Kyne's Story:

"The Enchanted Hill"

We have a number of cases of

Jonathan Wrapped Apples

These are withered just a little, and we are going to clear them out at \$2.20 per box

This is a very good price for these apples. Get yours while we have them

DEAN & CO. LTD.
THE PEOPLE'S STORE

Town of Raymond Notice

TAKE NOTICE that the Town of Raymond proposes to close the following lanes located in blocks 1 to 8 inclusive, Plan Raymond 2039-I, and to cancel the old plan and to register a new one covering lands owned by the Town of Raymond in the said blocks.

Any person or persons having objection to the closing of the said lanes or the cancelling of the above mentioned plan and the registering of a new plan shall file such objection in writing with the Secretary-Treasurer of the Town of Raymond on or before the 26th day of February, 1926.

S. FARNHAM KIMBALL
Secretary-Treasurer.

Block 1—All of the lane running north and south.

Block 2—All of the lane running east and west, west of the south-west corner of lot 5.

Block 3—All of the lane running north and south, also that portion running east from the south-west corner of lot 4.

Block 4—All of the lanes with the exception of that portion lying between lot 11 and lots 8, 9 and 10.

Block 5—All of the lanes running east and west.

Block 6—All of the lane running north and south, also all of that portion running east of the north-west corner of lot 1.

Block 7—All of the lane running east and west.

Block 8—All of the lane running east and west, also all of that portion running south of the south-east corner of lot 6.

THE TOWN OF RAYMOND
S. Farnham Kimball
Secretary-Treasurer.

NEWS NOTES

Much interest was taken in the character ball held last Saturday evening under the direction of the 2nd ward finance committee, and the Opera House was well filled with a crowd representing scores of different characters. Ulrich Pryner as Huckleberry Finn was awarded a prize for the best comic character. Miss Grace Nurse, as a Maid from Japan, and Sam Dyson, as a Methodist minister, captured first prizes for most original costumes.

Last Saturday's storm prevented the troupe of "All of a Sudden-Perky" from presenting this play in Milk River and Warner on Saturday and Monday as per schedule.

Miss Luella Mohew, who is spending a holiday in Salt Lake City, is expected to return in two weeks time.

Mrs. A. W. Kirkham received a phone call last Monday night from Mr. Kirkham, from Salt Lake City. Mr. Kirkham is attending his mother who is seriously ill.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Hamp Witbeck last Monday, a son.

FOUND—A Wrist Watch. The owner may obtain by applying at the Recorder and paying for this ad.

50 Cents

SPENT FOR A WANT AD
IS NEARLY ALWAYS A
PAYING PROPOSITION.

TWO INSERTIONS 75C

RED ROSE TEA

"is good tea" TEA

You've been intending to try Red Rose sometime. Why not now?

Thrift

At this season of year banks, insurance, trust, mortgage companies and financial corporations generally are printing and distributing their annual reports for the past year, and through the advertising columns of financial journals and the newspapers informing the public of the results of the past year's operations. Without exception, so far as noted, all companies have the same satisfactory story to tell—a record of increases all along the line, and an optimistic note sounded for the current year.

The showing made is an exceedingly satisfactory one, not only from the standpoint of these companies and their shareholders, but from a broad Canadian financial standpoint. These reports reveal a healthy state of affairs.

One of the features of these reports is especially gratifying and reflects great credit upon the people of this Dominion. We refer to the marked increases recorded in savings accounts and in investments, such as life insurance which constitute savings. The opening of tens of thousands of new savings accounts is recorded, while the volume of new savings amounts up to tens of millions of dollars. Practically every life insurance company reports a "record" year, representing further very large savings on the part of the Canadian public.

Unquestionably the war years, with the great Victory Loan campaigns, educated thousands of people in the art and value of saving. They bought Victory Bonds at first from purely patriotic motives—to help win the war. And the manner in which the people of Canada proved their ability to finance the enormous war expenditures of this country, when the British, United States, and all old world money markets were closed to them, was not the least surprising thing the nations of the world learned about Canada during those fatal years.

But what the people of Canada learned to do from patriotic motives between 1915 and 1918, they are continuing to do as a matter of sound business. To an increasing extent Canadians are saving, and carefully investing their savings. The semi-annual clipping of coupons from Victory Bonds, or the receipt every six months of a Government cheque for interest earned on Bonds, became a pleasant and very satisfactory occupation. People learned, many for the first time, how money makes money, and how rapidly interest mounts up, and especially if it is reinvested instead of dissipated in possibly foolish expenditures and needless extravagances.

The practice of thrift is the cornerstone of prosperity for a nation, a family, or an individual. It is an anchor in time of storm and stress. It is an effective guarantee against financial worry. It is a source in times of sickness and in old age. It makes for contentment and a serene happiness.

The Government, through the post office saving banks and for annuity funds, the banks and other sound financial corporations by their savings accounts provide a safe, easy and convenient means of saving for the people everywhere. With the small sum of one dollar a savings account can be opened. Furthermore, there is absolutely no insignificant accounts are welcomed even by the smallest bank. Bankers, better than most people, realize that the dollar saving of today will grow in a week, worthwhile account in the not distant future. Like the little drops of water, little grains of sand, make the mighty ocean, savings, too.

All parents should encourage their boys and girls to start a savings account, no matter how small. In fact, parents may well commence this good habit by starting a savings account for the baby before it is old enough to rattle its rattle. Very small amounts regularly set aside may provide for its tertiary education at a time when possibly some reverse in the family fortune might otherwise deprive such child of the advantages it ought to enjoy.

The habit of thrift develops character. It makes for earnestness, thoughtfulness, the exercise of care. It is a safeguard against slothfulness and encourages the putting forth of one's best energies. The substantial gains which thrift brings give a new value to work. The merdowells of the world are those who learned to save.

Thrift does not mean greed nor miserliness, but it does mean economy, the absence of waste and extravagance. With a return to better times throughout the country, and more money in circulation, it will be a mighty thing for Canada, for the family, and the individual if the habit of saving goes on increasing and a reasonable proportion of the resultant prosperity is placed in a savings account or some sound investment against the rainy day which is inevitable at some time or other in the life of every one.

Money Allocated By Dice

Malds who have been in domestic service in one family in Guildford, Surrey, for two years or more, are invited to apply for the "Malds Money" which, according to an old custom, is to be allocated by the throwing of dice.

Want Rates Cut

A 25 per cent. reduction in freight rates for livestock in Eastern Canada was the request placed before the Dominion board of railway commissioners, meeting at Toronto, by members of the Eastern Canada Livestock Union.

A new system of making bricks allows one man to make 4,000 a day.

Sugar Exports

Great Expansion Shown In Sugar Refining Business This Year.

A feature of the Canadian sugar statistics, issued by the Dominion bureau of statistics is the export business for the month of November, which shows a total of 5,930,700 pounds of refined sugar, valued at \$342,786; sent out of this country during that period as compared with 741,900 pounds, valued at \$38,534, in November of last year. Such a showing is in keeping with the expansion that has been shown throughout the past year, when compared with 1924.

Painful Sprains, Bruises, Restored By Nerviline

There is soothing power in Nerviline that has made it famous for nearly fifty years past. It sinks in deeply, it penetrates quickly, it takes away the pain from a sprain and brings grateful relief to bruised, aching muscles. If your joints are stiff and you are suffering from Rheumatism or Lumbago; if Neuralgia bothers you now and again, use trusty old "Nerviline." It works wonders, whether the pain is internal or external. Get a large 35-cent bottle from your dealer today.

A Hard Proposition

A safe recently withstood a charge of nitroglycerine, crowbars, jemmes, drills and skeleton keys. But have you ever tried to open a tin of sardines at a picnic with a blunt penknife?

ONE SURE WAY TO GOOD HEALTH

Is Keeping the Blood Rich and Red—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Make Rich, Pure Blood and Restore Health.

Thin, pale people lack the power of resistance to disease that rich, red blood gives. Nervous breakdown is the result of thin blood. So is anaemia, indigestion, rheumatism, and many other troubles. People suffering from thin blood need just the help Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can give. For more than a third of a century Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have been famous as a nerve restorer. Thousands upon thousands of letters from grateful people have proved the rare value of this medicine. The first effect of the pills is usually to stimulate the appetite; then the spirits revive and restlessness at night gives way to health-restoring sleep. For sufferers from anaemia, nervousness, general weakness, digestive troubles, and other ailments, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a restorative of the utmost value. If you are weak or ailing give these pills a fair trial and the result is sure to be beneficial.

"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have done wonders for me," writes Mrs. Russell Hill, Norwood, Ont. "I was run down and could not carry on sleep and sometimes faint. I took a lot of doctor's medicine but it did not help me. It was a real trial to do any housework, or to go about, and I got so that I scarcely cared whether I lived or died. One day while reading a paper I saw an advertisement about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It described a case very much like my own and I decided to give the pills a trial. I had not been taking them long when I could feel a change for the better. I continued the pills until I had used eight boxes when I felt like a new woman. Every disagreeable symptom had vanished and I gained in weight, and a good color returned to my face. All this I owe to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I am now never without them in the house, and any time I feel out of sorts they are my first aid. I gladly bear this testimony in the hope that it will benefit some other sufferer."

Two useful books, "Building Up the Blood" and "What to Eat and How to Eat," will be sent free by The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., if you mention this paper. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers in medicine or will be sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box.

B.C. Professor Honored

Is First Canadian Awarded Fellowship By International Educational Board

Word has been received by the University of British Columbia from the International Educational Board at New York, that Professor Wilfred Sadler, of the U.B.C. dairy department, has been awarded a fellowship of \$2,000, expenses to and from Europe and tuition and laboratory fees while studying in Europe. This is the first time that such an award has been made by the International Educational Board to a Canadian. Prof. Sadler plans to leave for Europe in May on one year's leave of absence and will work for three months each in several leading laboratories, specializing in his particular work.

Sugar Sack Hats

A large consignment of ordinary sugar sacks has been brought by a famous dressmaking house in London for the purpose of making hats. Sackcloth on the head, if not nikes, is the mode of the moment.

A man may dodge the earthly collectors, but he must pay the debt of nature as he goes.

Minard's Liniment for Grippe

KEEPS YOU ROBUST THE VITAMIN-TONIC Scott's Emulsion OF PURE COD-LIVER OIL

Britain Needs Ready Money

Reason Winston Churchill Gave Italy Such Reasonable Terms

That in ten years time Britain will have recovered from her present industrial depression, and will be on the high road to prosperity, and that for this reason it is better to get money now from Italy rather than to wait, like the United States, is the general interpretation put upon Churchill's policy of funding Italy's debt. Winston Churchill is gambling on Britain's future with absolute faith in her ultimate recovery, since he gave Italy more favorable terms than the United States awarded them, for the sole purpose of getting ready money which is needed for current expenses, and for the budgets of the immediate future.

Baldwin emphasizes the fact that Churchill and others have made careful analysis of the trade barometer, and have given the premier the assurance that there are signs of improvement and grounds for sober optimism. Meanwhile, Churchill is fighting the grimest battle to avoid a budget deficit, which the political experts say is inevitable.

Over Half Century With One Regiment

Duke of Connaught Has Long Association With Rifle Brigade

Few soldiers can claim a longer association with one particular regiment than that of the Duke of Connaught with the Rifle Brigade. Although the Green Jackets were not his first army "love," he joined them in his second year as a soldier, and has been connected with them in one rank or another for fifty-six years. For forty-five years he has been their colonel-in-chief, and the family association with the unit was increased when his daughter, Lady Patricia Ramsay, became the colonel-in-chief of the allied regiment of the Canadian Trenchant Force, and they were henceforth known as Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry. The duke's keen interest in the Rifles is proved by the fact that, whenever possible, he is seen at their headquarters.

Exhausted from Asthma. Many who read these words know the terrible drain upon health and strength, which comes in the train of asthmatic troubles. Many do not realize, however, that there is one true remedy which will usually stop this drain. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is a wonderful check to this devastating ailment. It has a countless record of relief to its credit. It is sold almost everywhere.

A London doctor says Holtshevsky is due to bad teeth. We knew there was something loose in their heads.

Miller's Worm Powders will eradicate the worm evil that beats so heavily on children and is believed to cause many fatalities. They are an acceptable medicine to children and can be fully relied upon to clear the food channels thoroughly of these destructive parasites and restore the inflamed and painful surfaces to healthfulness. They are an excellent remedy for these evils.

There Were Three Woman. Do you charge for children? Conductor.—Under 5, we do not. "Well, I have only three."

Are You Nervous? Weak? Why Wait For A Complete Breakdown?



—The Shaw Studio

Hamilton, Ont.—"I had become very much run-down in health, was in a nervous state and grew very weak. But by the time I had taken about three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription I was feeling well and strong. It restored my nerves and built me up to a good healthy state. I think the 'Favorite Prescription' is the greatest nerve tonic that any woman can take."—Mrs. Margaret Butt, 102 Cathcart St. Sold by dealers in both fluid and tablet form; or send 10c for trial pkg. Tablets to Dr. Pierce's Laboratory in Bridgeburg, Ontario.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

FEBRUARY 14

JESUS THE GOOD SHEPHERD

Golden Text: I am the good shepherd: the good shepherd layeth down his life for the sheep. John 10:11. Lesson: John 10:1-30. Devotional Reading: Psalm 23.

Explanations and Comments

The True Shepherd and the False Shepherds, verses 1-5.—This allegory Jesus spoke to comfort the man born blind (our lesson last week), and to condemn the Pharisees who had excommunicated the man and accused Jesus of being a sinner for working a miracle on the Sabbath. "Verily, verily," Jesus began: by these words he drew attention to the importance of the discourse that was to follow, and also connected it with what had preceded. Then he pictured an eastern sheepfold—a large, open enclosure with only one entrance, where the flocks of several shepherds are kept during the night—into which a thief seeks entrance by climbing up over the wall that encloses it, while the shepherd enters by the right way, through the door which the porter opens for him. "The sheep know the shepherd's voice and come at his call. He goes before them and they follow, while from a stranger they flee, because they know not his voice. The eastern flock is not driven, as in our country, but is led: so sure is the eastern shepherd that the sheep will follow that he does not even take the trouble to look behind.

She Found Relief For Her Backache

Mrs. A. Caskanett Tells of Dodd's Kidney Pills

Sends a Message of Cheer to Thousands of Canadian Women Who Carry a Load of Pain and Weariness Through Their Daily Work.

(Greenock, Ont.—Special).—"I had a terrible backache and thought it was caused through my kidneys, so I bought some Dodd's Kidney Pills and they helped me so much. Whenever I am not feeling well I get a box. I would not be without them. A friend of mine advised me to try them and I can say they are all right and can recommend them." This message comes from Mrs. A. Caskanett, a well known and highly respected resident here.

It must bring cheer to that great army of Canadian women who daily go about their household duties weighed down by that curse of womanhood, backache.

The relief that Mrs. Caskanett found has come to thousands of other women through the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and the cure is caused by the kidneys.

No Dancing In Russia

Cramped Quarters Forbid Pastime In Average City Homes

Dancing has become a lost art in Russia. It is looked upon as a "bourgeois" pastime by the Bolsheviks.

Although the government does not actually prohibit it, there are really no halls, restaurants or cafes where dances are held. In the Russian home, dancing has long since disappeared, as the average city family lives in a single room.

Ballet dancing is the only form of the Torsichobian art that remains, and that may be seen only on the stage.

Devise Non-Alterable Check

Two Forgers Turn Their Knowledge To Something Useful

Their knowledge about checks, perverted for many years to forgery, may now be turned into profit for society by Earl J. Lathrop, and Howard B. Reago, Oregon convicts. The two prisoners, working together, have devised a bank check which can neither be cancelled nor altered, according to their attorney, T. B. Handley. Handley and a prominent Portland banker has become interested in their work and would assist in the manufacture.

Only the uninformed endure the agony of corns. The knowing ones apply Halloway's Corn Remover and get relief.

Brides For Japanese Bachelors

Eligible Wives Going From Japan to Brazil, Argentine and Mexico

Ten thousand at present lonely Japanese bachelors in Mexico and South America will be made happy with mates from their homeland next year if the plan being worked up by Mrs. K. Tarnana, wife of the Japanese consul at San Paulo, Brazil, and endorsed by the authorities in Japan matures as she hopes. Mrs. Tarnana is now in Japan organizing the first party of picture brides for South American Japanese. Before she sails she hopes to have a number of bride selecting organizations at work, picking out eligible wives for Japanese pioneers abroad. She estimates that in Brazil there are homes waiting for 5,000 brides from Japan, 2,000 in the Argentine, 1,000 in Mexico and 2,000 in other South and Central American countries.

Minard's Liniment used by Veterinaries.

Fine for catarrh when melted in a spoon or snuffed up the nose and vapors inhaled.

Head and Chest Colds Relieved In a New Way

A Salve which Releases Medicated Vapors when Applied Over Throat and Chest.

Inhaled as a vapor and, at the same time absorbed through the skin like a liniment, Vicks VapoRub reaches immediately inflamed, congested air passages. This is the modern direct treatment for all cold troubles that is proving so popular in Canada and the States where over 17 million jars are now used yearly.

Splendid for sore throat, tonsillitis, bronchitis, croup, head and chest colds, catarrh, asthma or hay fever. Just rub Vicks over throat and chest and inhale the medicated vapors. It quickly loosens up a cold.

VICKS VAPORUB
OVER 21 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

Expect Stream Of Settlers

Sound Condition of Agriculture and Other Factors Will Add to Population

"There has always been a psychological barrier for right time, and I am convinced that this is the psychological time for new settlers to come to Canada, especially when one considers the healthiness of the agricultural industry in the Dominion and the general high prices prevailing for agricultural products," said Hon. W. H. Motherwell, federal minister of agriculture. Mr. Motherwell is confident that a steady stream of settlers can now be expected from the British Isles and Europe, and stated that he believed that immigration in the immediate future would develop largely along immediate lines.

For Scalds or Burns.—Dr. Thomas' Eucalypti Oil is a standard remedy for the prompt treatment of scalds and burns. Its healing power quickly soothes the pain and aids a speedy recovery from the injury. It is also an excellent remedy for all manner of cuts, bruises and sprains, as well as for relieving the pains arising from inflammation of various kinds. A bottle in the house and stable saves many a doctor's and veterinary's fee.

Heavy Cattle Shipments

For the first time since 1921 the exports of Canadian cattle for one year from the Dominion have exceeded 100,000 head. The figures for the first eleven months of 1925 show that exports to the United Kingdom totaled 102,408 head. This compares with exports of 76,394 head for the previous corresponding period. In 1923, during the same period, the exports were 55,140 head.

Shoes are thrown after bride and groom; they furnish their own spats!

MURINE
Keeps EYES Clear, Bright and Beautiful
Write Murine Co., Chicago, for Eye Care Book

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, No. 1
THERAPION
No. 2
No. 3
No. 4
No. 5
No. 6
No. 7
No. 8
No. 9
No. 10
No. 11
No. 12
No. 13
No. 14
No. 15
No. 16
No. 17
No. 18
No. 19
No. 20
No. 21
No. 22
No. 23
No. 24
No. 25
No. 26
No. 27
No. 28
No. 29
No. 30
No. 31
No. 32
No. 33
No. 34
No. 35
No. 36
No. 37
No. 38
No. 39
No. 40
No. 41
No. 42
No. 43
No. 44
No. 45
No. 46
No. 47
No. 48
No. 49
No. 50
No. 51
No. 52
No. 53
No. 54
No. 55
No. 56
No. 57
No. 58
No. 59
No. 60
No. 61
No. 62
No. 63
No. 64
No. 65
No. 66
No. 67
No. 68
No. 69
No. 70
No. 71
No. 72
No. 73
No. 74
No. 75
No. 76
No. 77
No. 78
No. 79
No. 80
No. 81
No. 82
No. 83
No. 84
No. 85
No. 86
No. 87
No. 88
No. 89
No. 90
No. 91
No. 92
No. 93
No. 94
No. 95
No. 96
No. 97
No. 98
No. 99
No. 100

WANTED

WANT TO HEAR FROM OWNER of Farm or Ranch For Sale. W. Philp, Murphy Block, Seattle, Wash.

BAKERS' OVENS—Write for catalogue and list of used ovens. Hubbard Oven Company, 1100 Queen West, Toronto.

Puzzle Find the Principal PRIZE LIST

25 Wrist Watches
25 Cameras
25 Clocks
HUNDREDS OF OTHER PRIZES
If you can solve this puzzle and will sell 24 Froese Perfumes at 10c each you can win one of the above prizes. Will you do this? It is very easy. If so, just mark the PRINCIPAL with an X and send it to us at once, and if it is correct we will send you the Perfume to sell right away.
Sells at Specialty Co., W. Waterford, Ont.

GIN PILLS
FOR THE KIDNEYS
THE WORLD'S BEST REMEDY FOR ALL KIDNEY AND BLADDER TROUBLES

W. N. U. 1615

Children Cry for



Fletcher's CASTORIA
MOTHER:—Fletcher's Castoria is a pleasant, harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Purgative, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups, especially prepared for Infants in arms and Children all ages.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *W. C. Fletcher*. Proven directions on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

The Horse Breeding Industry In More Promising Condition Now Than For Many Years

"Conditions in the horse breeding industry are better and more promising than they have been for years," was the hopeful message given by Robert Thomas, of Grandora, president of the Saskatchewan Horse Breeders' Association, at the annual meeting at Saskatoon. Mr. Thomas said that there had been a far greater advance in the price of good horses than farmers who had either bought or sold horses realized. He had attended a recent horse sale at Saskatoon and believed that the prices of good horses averaged fully \$50 more per head than prevailing prices a couple of years ago.

Speaking on the changing conditions in the horse industry in Canada, J. M. McCallum, chief of the markets division, livestock branch, Ottawa, said that Ontario is no longer the great supply centre for horses, as breeding had fallen off very greatly in that province, and it is doubtful whether Ontario is supplying its own wastage.

Figures for the past three years showed shipments to Eastern Canada from the west amounted to over 10,000 horses in 1923; 17,443 in 1924; and 17,000 in 1925. Besides this, quite a number of western horses have found a market in British Columbia.

"The fact that some 80 horse breeding clubs in Saskatchewan and some 50 in Manitoba were operated last year indicates that the greatest activity in horse breeding in the Dominion is found in the prairie provinces," Mr. McCallum stated.

"Regarding the market for commercial horses, we may just as well face the fact that there is a profitable outlet for only a few types, and that the farmer who is anxious to make a profit from his horse breeding operations must study that market and direct his energies to producing only those kinds which can be advantageously used on the farm, and for which, when offered for sale, there is a steady demand."

"Farmers will apparently continue to depend on horses for supplying farm power and breeders should raise horses with a view to supplying the city demand for good, big, sound drafters, as big as it is possible to grow them, and to supply the farm demand both east and west for good big agricultural horses combining size, quality and netton."

"The return to the increased use of horses on the farms of Canada both east and west since the close of the Great War to secure greater production, is a fairly conclusive indication that the tractor and the motor truck are not going to soon dispense with the use of horses."

Track Farm In New York

Prisoners Work 640 Acres On Island In East River

New York City, not usually thought of as an agricultural community, has within its boundaries at least one good-sized truck farm. The farm is located on Riker's Island in the east river, and, in a report of the state commission of prisons made public, its operation is credited to workhouse prisoners and drug addicts. Ten horses on the island assist the prisoners in their work on the farm and about the institute. The land on which the farm is located is for the most part refuse by which the island has been increased from sixty-three to approximately 640 acres since its purchase by the city in 1851.

Tree Seed For Britain

Lodgepole Pine and Spruce Seed Being Sent From Alberta and B.C.

The seed extraction plant of the Dominion forestry branch at Rocky Mountain House is now working on an order for Canadian tree seed from Great Britain. Lodgepole pine and spruce seed is being prepared at the plant, while other varieties of tree seed will be prepared at the New Westminster plant. Approximately 600 pounds of lodgepole pine seed and 150 pounds of spruce seed will be prepared at the Alberta plant.

Industrial Winnipeg

Further progress has been made in the industrial development campaign being carried on at Winnipeg. Financial and industrial men interested in the construction of a sugar mill, woolen factory and a plant for iron and steel small ware, have been visitors to the city, and certain definite announcements from them are expected at an early date.

Our idea of an egotist is the man who thinks his wife ought to call him "colonel" just because he parts his hair with military brushes.

W. N. U. 1915

Clearing Off Farm Debts

Did Not Particularly Worry Saskatchewan Agriculturists Last Season

"One of the biggest worries in the life of Mr. Average Farmer along about threshing time," says The Regina Leader, "is the question of paying up the current year's interest on the little old mortgage and perhaps a little bit of the principal."

"This has not been one of the worries of the Saskatchewan agriculturist during the present crop year season. On the contrary many a farmer has tilled the soil and reaped his harvest to such good purpose that not only has he been able this winter to pay up principal as well as overdue interest, but to wipe out his loan entirely. On some farmers the sun has shone so successfully during the past season that they are now liquidating the loan company to allow them to pay off instalments not yet due."

Alfalfa Growing Centre

Red Deer Valley In Alberta Is Leading Centre For Alfalfa on the Continent

The Red Deer River valley is the alfalfa growing centre of the North American continent, as foreseen by leading agriculturists of Northwestern Minnesota, North Dakota and Manitoba gathered in convention at Thief River Falls, Minnesota. Peculiar soil qualities which prevent the "freezing out" of alfalfa destined the territory for permanent alfalfa growing. Prof. J. R. Ellis, of the field husbandry department of the Manitoba Agricultural College, declared.

Surplus Farm Products

Total of Nearly Three Hundred Million Was Value of Surplus Products, In Saskatchewan

On a very conservative estimate, the farmers of Saskatchewan would receive from the sale of their surplus farm products in 1925 a total of \$285,210,393, as compared with only \$195,547,220, or an increase of \$89,663,000 over the previous year, according to Premier Dunning. He further pointed out that the estimate was made on such a conservative basis that the actual figures in his opinion, would be nearer \$100,000,000 greater than the figure given.

Fox Farming In Alberta

Alberta is assuming importance as a fox farm centre. The industry has grown tremendously in this province in the last five years. H. W. Trotter, winner of seed oats prizes at the International Show in Chicago, is the latest to start fox farming. He bought some of the winners at Vancouver show for his Calgary farm.

World's Largest Book

What is claimed to be the largest book in the world is being exhibited in a Dominican Church, Vienna. The volume dates from 1725, is of wood, with 24 pages, weighing in all 250 pounds. It contains the names of all local Dominican monks since 1110.

Maps For the Farmer

Their Value In Solving His Transportation Problems

That topographical maps are entering more and more into the daily life of Canadian citizens in all walks of life is evident by a recent example of the value of one of these maps to farmers. A proposition was on foot to drain a large lake in Alberta and use the lake bed for the production of hay. The question arose as to the cost of hauling hay to the nearest railway station, and the map was consulted regarding the distance and feasibility of opening up a road through new country. The contours on the map indicated a hill intervening along the shortest route, and aroused a discussion as to the relative merits of hauling hay over or around the hill. In the latter case the road would be considerably longer, but steep grades would be eliminated.

The conclusion to be drawn from this example is that maps are not alone for the engineer, but that they are both readily intelligible and useful to all. The map in question was one of the sheets of the sectional map of Canada published by the topographical survey, department of the interior, Ottawa.

High Grade Western Coal

Claims Alberta Coal Is Equal To Anthracite

Jesse R. Gouge, Alberta coal operator, told the engineering institute convention at Toronto, that Ontario would have no anthracite problem in five years. "You may theorize as much as you please about heat units," he said, "but you must bear in mind it is not a case so much of what is in coal, as what can be got out of it. The Alberta coal has every feature of anthracite."

Mr. Gouge was replying to statements made by J. R. Thomson, of Montreal, regarding shipment of Alberta coal to Eastern Canada. Mr. Thomson had said that possibilities of shipment of Alberta coal east, under present conditions, was more of a "political rallying cry" than a serious economic proposal.

Raymond Sugar Factory

Southern Alberta Stockmen Fattening Cattle and Stock at the Factory

Beet pulp from the sugar factory at Raymond is being used as a basic feed for fattening stock and, from present indications, Raymond will become a great stock feeding centre. All beef growers are hauling it daily and feeding to livestock. A number of prominent Southern Alberta stockmen are fattening cattle and sheep at the factory, and the Raymond School of Agriculture is undertaking extensive experiments with the pulp in the finishing of both cattle and sheep.

British Settlers Coming

One thousand British settlers are leaving the Old Country in April for Alberta, according to an announcement by the soldiers' settlement board.

Does Not Believe In Any Plan That Would Wipe Out Old Established Banking Systems

Violet Rays and Poultry

University of Wisconsin Claim Better Egg Production With Artificial Light

The ultra-violet ray, already employed profitably by medical men to heal human life, is being used at the University of Wisconsin to produce "more and better" eggs and chickens.

Nearly three times as many eggs can be produced by action of the ray, the departments of agricultural, chemistry and poultry has found.

Heavier shells in irradiated pens also increased marketability of eggs and greater hatchability resulted. The ultra-violet light was found to cure fowls suffering from rickets.

January 1, 1925, four groups of pedigreed Leghorns were put on similar rations in identically arranged pens, without natural light. The pens were artificially lighted during daylight hours.

Two groups were subjected to ultra-violet radiation. When the eggs were collected two or three times as many eggs were found in the irradiated pens as in the ordinarily lighted houses. Egg production began to increase markedly within eight days after ultra-violet light was applied.

Sanctuary In the Rockies

Jasper Park Is Largest Animal and Bird Reservation of Its Kind

The story of a remarkable increase in wild life in Jasper National Park, Alberta, under the policy of animal and bird conservation being pursued by the government, is told in a statement issued by Col. S. Maynard Rogers, superintendent of the park. Animals and birds which were unknown to the park area a year ago have taken up their abodes there and are flourishing even though the environment is entirely different to that to which they have been accustomed in the past. As instances of this he cites the presence of moose and prairie chicken.

Jasper National Park, which, with an area in excess of 4,400 square miles, is the largest national playground in the world, is also the largest animal and bird reservation of its kind. Efforts to populate it with wild life which had been depleted by wanton killing were begun as soon as the reservation was formed, but the work has only been systematically developed during the past few years.

A Cheap Fire Engine

Fressingland, in Suffolk, has acquired a fire engine for 15c, the cost of a telegram and a confirmatory letter. A firm in the country advertised that it had no further use for the engine, and offered to give it to the first genuine applicant.

Strong advice against any hasty action in revolutionizing the present financial system, was tendered by Professor C. R. Fay, University of Toronto, discussing rural credits at the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association convention at Saskatoon.

The existing system might have 15 faults, but it would not be advisable to make any changes unless every step had previously been fully studied and the effects of the proposed action taken into consideration, he said.

"I do not believe in any system that would wipe out the old established banking systems used at the present time," the speaker declared. "This is probably not exactly what you would expect me to say, but it is my honest opinion."

"Our attitude in improving the present system should not be one of revolution. We should make sure that any changes we propose to make are logical, and then put them into effect by gradual stages."

The speaker somewhat surprised the audience when he said that he did not believe that the banks had deliberately set about in any way to exploit the farmers. In his experience most of the bankers were doing their utmost to oblige the farmers and were giving loans consistent with the security available.

In his opening remarks Professor Fay described the difference between long term and short-term credit, and outlined for the benefit of the audience the various systems of farm credit that had been established in some of the European countries, particularly Germany. He also described the system in vogue in the United States which he said in a measure had been established along similar lines to those systems in Europe. It was impossible here, however, to follow along the same lines as found satisfactory in Germany, as conditions here were entirely different.

Growth On Irrigated Land

Figures From United Irrigation District in Alberta

The United Irrigation District in Alberta has completed its second year of actual operation and figures now obtainable show that irrigation is successful in materially increasing the yields of all grains and field crops. It is estimated that wheat grown on unirrigated and irrigated land will yield about 45 bushels an acre; wheat grown on spring ploughing and fertilized, 29 to 35 bushels per acre; while wheat grown on unirrigated land will range between 10 to 20 bushels to the acre. Oats, barley and other coarse grains show a corresponding increase in yields of irrigated areas.

Agricultural crops produced in the Canadian Pacific Leithbridge Irrigation district during 1925 had a value of \$2,055,730, representing the production of 58,088 acres. The gross revenue per acre was \$35.73, an increase of \$9.20 per acre over 1924.

Sugar Plant For Manitoba

Expected That a Big Plant Will Be Erected in 1926

As a result of negotiations which have been under way for some time, members of the Manitoba Industrial development board state that they are confident of the erection of a sugar manufacturing plant during 1926. The board, in co-operation with the Agricultural College, has carried out successfully tests of growing sugar beets in 160 Manitoba points. Analysis of the beets shows that the average sugar content is 15.41, with an apparent purity of 84.23 on a calculated tonnage per acre of 13.45.

Saskatchewan Watermelons

Very Fine Type of Both Muskmelon and Watermelon Can Be Grown

Experiments carried over a number of years by the Mowchenko Brothers, of Ardill, Saskatchewan, in the growing of selected seed and crossing one variety with another, has resulted in the production of a very fine type of watermelon and muskmelon, which can be grown successfully any season in this province. Experiments along these lines have been carried out in the irrigated sections of Southern Alberta during recent years and have been comparatively successful.

B.C. Coal Industry

British Columbia produced approximately half a million tons of coal more in 1925 than in 1921, according to figures compiled by the provincial mines department.

When one woman wants to say something mean of another she addresses to her as "that woman."

Natural Resources Development In The Ottawa Valley



One of Canada's industrial areas that is heavily endowed with natural resources, and one that is destined to become more important in the near future, is the Ottawa Valley. The Ottawa River provides a number of excellent waterpower sites, some of which have already been developed, while others are contemplated in the near future. This available power has been the means of attracting many outstanding industries to the natural resources intelligence service of the department of the interior.

The forest industries are probably the most important feature of the Ottawa Valley, and the cheap abundant power available is attracting many large plants. The International Paper Co. is engaged in the construction of a large pulp and paper mill at East Templeton, on the Ottawa River, also a hydro-electric plant at Chelsea, on the Gatineau River. At Ottawa are located the saw mills and the pulp and paper mills of the J. H. Booth Co., and the pulp mill of the Bronson Company. Directly opposite, in Hull, are the large pulp and paper, and other mills of the E. B. Eddy Company, while at Hawkesbury the International Paper Co. have

extensive pulp mills. Large lumber mills are located at several points along the river, particularly at Pembroke, Ottawa, Rockland and Hawkesbury. The Singer Sewing Machine Company is undertaking a hardwood development north of Thurso and is erecting a factory at the latter place to prepare all the woodwork for its several plants.

In what may be termed the industrial area of the Ottawa River, power has been developed at Hawkesbury, Ottawa and Bryson, while there are many other sites available. It is reported that the waterpower at the Chats Falls, on the Ottawa River, and the Pagan Falls on the Gatineau River, will shortly be developed, while the Carillon Rapids power site is also being considered. At Chelsea, on the Gatineau River, the International Paper Company is constructing a large power plant. The Ontario Hydro-Electric Commission is obtaining data preliminary to development of Ottawa River power sites with the object of providing additional power to Eastern Ontario.

The Ottawa Valley contains a large variety of minerals, and, while a num-

ber of excellent producing mines are in operation, some of which are reported to be the largest in America, there would appear to be splendid opportunities for greater development. On Chats Island, near Gagetown, is located the lead mine of the Kingston Mining and Smelting Company, the largest lead producer in Eastern Canada. A few miles north of Quyon is the Mossy Mountain mine, which during the war became the world's leading individual producer.

The Black Donald graphite mine, said to be the largest and richest deposit of fake graphite known in America, is located at Calabogie, in Renfrew county.

The feldspar deposits of the Buckingham district are among the most important in Canada, and the quality is said to be of the best.

The Ottawa Valley is the centre of the mica mining industry in Canada. The chief producing areas are in the territory within easy reach of the city; although the largest mica mine in Canada, and probably in the world, is located in Frontenac county, Ontario.

The largest deposit of magnesite

yet discovered on the North American continent is in the Grouville district, between Ottawa and Montreal. During the war the magnesite from this area met with a good market, due to the fact that Austrian magnesite was not available. The large users of this mineral in the United States, however, are reported to be financially interested in the Austrian deposits, and though the latter is said to be inferior to the Canadian magnesite, Canada has not been successful to any great extent in meeting Austrian competition.

At Deschene is situated the refining plant of the late British American Nickel Company, where the concentrates from the mines and smelters of the company at Sudbury, Ontario, were refined.

As an industrial area, the Ottawa Valley is rapidly making progress. Many and varied industries are taking advantage of its natural resources, and with ample railway facilities and the further development of the waterpowers of the Ottawa River and its tributaries, some of which may be expected at an early date, it would seem that a bright future awaits the district.

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

In consequence of the increasing number of road traffic fatalities, a Pedestrians' Protective Society is being organized in London.

Esperanto has been recognized as an international language by the International Congress of the World Telegraph Union.

The United States Government has notified the League of Nations that it will not object to the proposed postponement of the preparatory disarmament conference.

The Toronto board of control has awarded a contract for a thousand tons of Alberta coal and deliveries are to commence forthwith at the rate of six cars per week.

Students of Waseda University, Tokio, are reported to be preparing to launch a campaign for greater scholastic freedom and for elimination of compulsory military training.

Hop production in Canada will be doubled, the department of agriculture estimates, when 1,000 acres, to be purchased for this purpose on the reclaimed Simias Lake bed at a cost of \$250,000 are brought under cultivation.

Sound waves in future will quench all fires, says Charles Kellogg, California inventor, who demonstrates his theory by extinguishing two-foot gas flames by the use of a tuning fork and a bowl.

Planting of Canadian maples in the valleys of the Himalayas for reforestation purposes is a possibility, according to Rex David Rose, missionary on furlough from the Kangra district of India, who has taken the matter up with the Indian forestry department.

The steamer Turbavin, of the Kirkwood line, Toronto, has been chartered to load 3,000 tons of such wheat at Vancouver for export to Mexico. It is understood the wheat pool booked the order, the first from this port to Mexico.

In an interview in Moscow with the representative of the Hayas Agency on the eve of his departure for Paris, Christian Rakovsky, Soviet ambassador in France, declared the proposed armaments conference in his view would be feasible only on condition that all the countries participating were on an equal footing.

General Vladimir Soukhomov, former minister of war in the Russian Imperial cabinet, who was alleged to have been responsible for the breakdown of the Russian army because he failed to increase the output of munitions and prevented the military department from supplying the troops with guns and shells, died in Berlin, aged 78.

U. S. and Rubber Prices

Occupying a Position of Isolation, Have No Warrant to Complain

Rubber, tin and coffee, which are American necessities, are almost wholly American imports. Other like commodities might be named. But these three suffice to illustrate that nation, voiced by the free-traders in the senate, that the United States is, or can become, a self-sufficient economic entity. The hope, were it plausible, would not be, if realized, a beneficial estate, since not isolated nations, but communicating and communing ones are those that wax in riches and well being. The fact is that the whole earth today is a single, though variegated, pattern, and that no nation and no continent exists or can exist to itself.

Secretary Hoover, who is canonized beyond the reach of the usual senator or congressman, expresses himself as fearful of economic combinations abroad to make us pay unduly for those commodities we cannot produce but must have. He talks about a coming world trade war. And he is about the last man to back through that.

Well, what can we expect? We of the United States do not belong to the club, and we cannot even say that we have acted clubby or have felt that way, not since 1919. If we don't want to feel clubby or act so, that is our privilege; but we needn't feel so god-darned surprised when we find ourselves called upon to pay the price for our exclusiveness. Everything in this world needs must be paid for, even the business of minding our own business, of hating our hole, of flocking alone. For a people who individually may be the shrewdest in the world, collectively we are not a bit disposed to be only—Minneapolis Journal.

The man who makes poverty the sole rule of his life never has to take anti-fat.

A cheap coat does not make a cheap man, but it makes him feel that way at times.

W. N. U. 1615

Will Ship Western
Grain Cheapest Way

Canadian Ports Must Meet Competing Rates to Get the Business

With the object of investigating the market for Canadian wheat in Europe, E. B. Ramsey, director of the Canadian Cooperative Wheat Pool, H. L. Smith, manager, and A. B. Clarke, Montreal representative, sailed from Halifax, Feb. 1 for England on the steamship Regina. The object of sailing from this port, it was stated, was to inspect the local harbor and its facilities for handling grain.

Mr. Smith, commenting on Western and Eastern Canada's policy as regards grain routing, said if Halifax expected to compete successfully with other grain exporting ports, its facilities must be on a par with its competitors' facilities. The Canadian Wheat Pool, he said, decided to make use of Canadian ports as much as possible, but he pointed out that grain must be shipped via the cheapest route. If Halifax wanted to handle Western Canada's grain traffic, Halifax must be able to offer as cheap rates as other competing ports, far western shippers did not contemplate making any sacrifice in favor of Halifax or any other Canadian port.

"They will ship their product only by the cheapest route," said Mr. Smith.

Wheat From the North

Grain Shipments From Northern Alberta Were Heavy This Season

Grain shipments from the territory in Northern Alberta served by the Edmonton, Dauphin and British Columbia Railway, for the crop year 1925, now total 1,557,000 bushels. This is considerably in excess of 1924 and 1923, when shipments totalled \$90,547 and 1,618,000 bushels, respectively. Almost two-thirds of this season's total shipments consisted of wheat.



Long Bodice Effects Are Maintained In Jumper Fracks

The two-piece jumper frock is meeting with such welcome that new materials are constantly sought for its development. Crepe Roma of an unusually attractive border design was employed for the new frock opening all the way down the front under a narrow box plait. The long full sleeves show the border design at the lower edge. The skirt has two inverted plaits in the front and back and is attached to a body lining. Overbust No. 1173 is in sizes 24, 26, 28, 30 and 32 inches bust. Size 26 bust requires 2 1/2 yards 36 inch, or 2 3/4 yards 40 inch material. Skirt No. 1165 is in sizes 28, 30, 32, 34, 36 and 38 inches waist. Size 28 waist requires 3 yards 36 or 40 inch material. Price 20 cents each pattern.

Many styles of smart apparel may be found in our Fashion Book. Our designers originate their patterns in the heart of two style centres, and their creations are those of tested popularity, brought within the means of the average woman. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McBurnie Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Province

Send 20c coin or stamps (wrap coin carefully)

ON THE AIR

What Is Doing in the World of Radio

London artists are broadcasting from aeroplanes.

There are still some bad features about the radio. That "prisoner" song for example.

Australian broadcasting and education authorities have got together on a joint programme to offer educational courses by radio.

Something new in radio production was attempted recently when a one-act comedy, "Part of the Game," was successfully broadcast from CKCK, Regina.

On the eve of the Saskatchewan Dairy Association convention, R. W. Hela, Prince Albert, president, broadcast a ten minute address on the dairy industry from CKCK, Regina.

"Don't write your favorite radio station and tell them that you enjoyed the programme they 'broadcasted.' Say 'broadcast,' as it sounds better and it's right!"

Children under 12 years of age have been refused permission to take part in a broadcast concert at Birmingham, Eng. The local educational authorities will permit children between 12 and 14 to perform up till 9.15 p.m.

A two-day communication was established recently between a radio enthusiast in Khat, on the north-western frontier in India, and Caterham, in England, a distance of 5,000 miles.

Skaters "danced" in radio melodies on a number of ponds throughout England during the recent freezing snap. Musical skating parties were organized in Warwickshire, Northamptonshire, and near London, to take advantage of the ice.

Officers of the Canadian Association of Broadcasters, recently formed, were elected as follows: J. N. Cartier, CKAC, Montreal, president; Main Johnson, CFCA, Toronto, vice-president; A. R. McEwen, Canadian National Railway radio department, secretary-treasurer; G. M. Bell, CKCK, Regina, and P. H. Conib, CHNC, Toronto, directors.

The Canadian Association of Broadcasters was organized in Toronto recently. The purpose of the association is to further the interests of the members, to improve the standard of broadcasting, to promote the interests of the owners of receiving sets and to spread by means of radio a wider knowledge of Canada, its advantages and opportunities.

Greenland is the latest country to go in for radio. Not that the Eskimos who comprise most of the very sparse population that roams Greenland's icy mountains are likely to be keen radio enthusiasts, but it is thought that radio installations are essential for the protection and information of the hundreds of whaling and fishing boats that frequent these waters.

The British radio public is becoming intrigued by reports of a new invention, called the "telegraphone," which has recently survived a number of tests and which may soon be placed on the market. The "telegraphone" is an instrument to "bottle" or "can" radio programmes, store them away, and later reproduce them at a time when the radio public can listen more conveniently.

Western Fairs

Dates Are Announced For Class B Fairs Far Coming Summer

Fairs of the Western Canada Association of Fairs—class B—will commence June 30 this year, and wind up August 19, it was decided at the annual meeting of the association, held in Regina.

Fairs to be held and their dates as set by the meeting, are as follows:

Carmen, June 30, July 1 and 2.
Partridge la Prairie, July 5, 6 and 7.
Dauphin, July 8, 9 and 10.
Yorkton, July 12, 13 and 14.
Melfort, July 15, 16 and 17.
Esteron, July 19, 20 and 21.
Weyburn, July 22, 23 and 24.
Red Deer, July 26, 27 and 28.
Camrose, July 29, 30 and 31.
Vegreville, August 2, 3 and 4.
Vermilion, August 5, 6 and 7.
Lloydminster, August 9, 10 and 11.
North Battleford, August 12, 13 and 14.
Prince Albert, August 16, 17, 18 and 19.

Canadians Coming Back

Orval G. Adams, inspector of immigration, announces that during December 1,876 people were admitted into Canada at Windsor and Walkerville. Of these 1,113 were native born Canadians, returning after being away from Canada for six months or more.

"How is it, Kalle, that I never see you at Sunday School?" asked the minister's wife. "Oh, please, ma'am, I'm having music lessons. Mother doesn't want me to take up religion till later!"

Will Not Attend Celebration

Nations Refuse U. S. President's Invitation Mainly For Financial Reasons

The great powers of the world have decided to turn a cold shoulder to Philadelphia's sesqui-centennial this summer. It was disclosed as an official list of the nations that have accepted and those which have declined invitations to attend, was made public at the state department, Washington. President Coolidge issued invitations last summer to more than 50 nations to participate in America's 150th birthday party celebrating the signing of the Declaration of Independence.

The state department announces that only nine nations have accepted. Japan, Spain, Argentina and Hungary are the larger powers which have promised to come. Great Britain, Brazil, The Netherlands, Poland and Mexico head the list of nations which have refused. France, Italy, Germany, Canada have not even replied in the invitations, and it was reported in reliable quarters that these, with other smaller nations, not yet heard from, would either decline in the near future or eat any prospective participation to the bone.

One reason held up here for the apparent lack of support abroad for the fair is the decision, arrived at over protests, to open the fair in June of this year. Several nations are known to feel that the time is too short to make practicable participation. Other countries are staying away for financial reasons. It was said.

The complete list of acceptances, as reported by the state department follows: Haiti, Panama, Nicaragua, Liberia, Japan, Hungary, Kingdom of the Serbs, Croats and Slovenes, Spain and the Argentine Republic.

Brazil, Latvia, Netherlands, Costa Rica, Great Britain, Spain, Mexico, Poland and Switzerland have declined outright. Brazil, Poland and Egypt were all reported as having first accepted and subsequently declined to come.

Tallest Building In World Started

New York Structure Will Cost Fourteen Million Exclusive of Site

Work has commenced on the world's tallest building in Broadway, between 122nd Street and 123rd Street, where the sixty-five story Christian-Missionary building is to tower 800 feet, or 8 feet higher than the Woolworth building.

The structure, which will house a hotel, a church, a hospital and a bank, is being built by Oscar E. Knickle, president of the Realty Sureties, Inc., in gratitude for the recovery of his son, Howard Knickle, now studying at Calgate University, to become a medical missionary.

There are to be 4,500 rooms in the hotel end of the building. The top floor for rooms will be \$21 a week. Ten per cent. of the earnings of the building, said Mr. Knickle, will go to found and maintain a medical missionary base on the shores of Victoria Nyanza, an African lake that feeds the Nile. Drinking and smoking, and, possibly, Sunday newspapers will be banned in the building.

Building operations got under way by virtue of contracts which Mr. Knickle signed with the Clemente Contracting Company for the removal of rock from the site. The site extends on both streets for 225 feet, giving an area of more than 45,000 square feet.

The construction cost, exclusive of the land value, will be about \$14,000,000.

Veteran Conductor Retires

Uniform Sixty Years Ago Was Top Hat and Frock Coat

A conductor who recalls the days when he wore a high hat and Prince Albert coat as part of his uniform, and helped saw wood for the locomotive firebox between trains, retired with a record of sixty years' service in one position with the Boston & Maine Railroad.

He is Amos Brown, of Orange, who began his work in 1853, before many of his successive superiors were born. He has served under eleven railroad presidents, ten general superintendents and twenty division superintendents. He is seventy-seven.

Paper From Straw

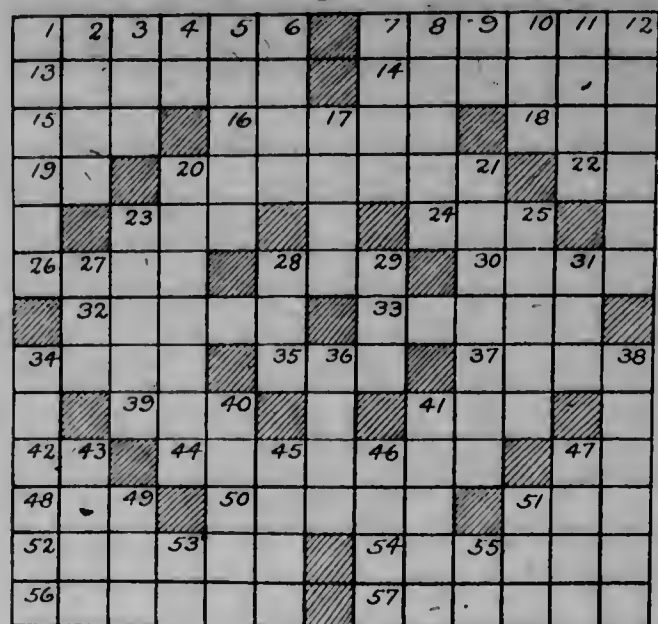
Government tests of the Bache-Wilg process of manufacturing paper from straw having proved successful, a plant may be established in Edmonton. Drumheller board of trade is also bidding for the new industry.

Some people read that they may think; some read that they may write; some read that they may talk—and the latter constitute an overwhelming majority.

Mrs. Oldwed: "I'd like to have a little less fat, if possible."

New Butcher: "Yes, ma'am, have you tried dieting?"

OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE



Horizontal

1—A gap.

7—The name of a printing type.

13—Extreme.

14—To make bare.

15—Came together.

16—One who hates.

18—The Ditty.

19—Part of the verb "to be."

20—A raised flat area.

22—Sixth note in the musical scale.

23—Title.

24—Flush.

25—Black.

26—Indian tribe.

28—Easays.

32—Change.

33—A merry frolic.

34—A three spotted playing card.

35—Suare.

37—Freedom from toll.

39—Mineral spring.

41—Marglin.

42—Negative.

Vertical

1—Merciful.

2—A scrap of news.

3—Amount (abbr.).

4—Towards.

5—Show in.

6—Heavenly body.

7—A mental image.

8—Sequence of three cards.

9—Article.

10—Drug.

11—Image.

12—Trees.

17—Allowance for waste.

41—Pertaining to its first rudiments.

47—Army officer (abbr.).

48—Girl's name.

50—Frame on which painters place pictures.

51—Beverage.

52—Harmful (abs.).

54—Not quite.

56—Directions.

57—Full of knots.

20—A photograph taken upon a sensitized iron plate.

21—First courses at dinner.

23—Bottom of a shaft (pl.).

25—A vain fancy.

27—Prohibit.

28—A vase.

29—Established (abbr.).

31—Affirmative.

34—One who occupies lands and pays rent.

36—Part of the head (pl.).

38—Property.

40—To make better.

41—To call attention.

43—Any scent or smell.

45—Clubs.

46—To bring forth young.

47—Smaller.

49—One.

51—Aloe.

52—Half an em.

55—Medical doctor (abbr.).

Another Polar Expedition

Independent Venture to Explore Arctic Regions From the Air

An independent expedition to explore the Arctic from the air, is being organized by Lieut. Commander Richard E. Byrd, of Winchester, Va., who commanded the navy section of the MacMillan expedition, last summer.

The enterprise will be financed by United States citizens, among those who have pledged support being John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and Edsel Ford, each of whom has offered \$20,000.

Commander Byrd is negotiating now with several concerns for suitable craft for the expedition, either of the dirigible or aeroplane type. Each, in his belief, has good points for such an undertaking.

While it is not the plan to compete with the expedition of the Detroit Aviation Society, which intends to hop off from Point Barrow, Alaska, for the north pole, this year, the aims of the two are in certain respects similar. Each will look for land in the unknown region between Alaska and the North Pole, and Byrd may also attempt to reach the pole.

The navy officer's primary object, however, is to explore the unknown regions north of Greenland, Canada and Alaska, using either Spitzbergen or Etah, Greenland, as a base.

China and the Foreigner

Nations Have Helped Trade by Giving Their Protection

However much the Chinese may hate foreigners, they must acknowledge that the economic progress the country has made in the last half century is traceable in the protection foreign nations have given during domestic disturbances which make trade possible. Were the railroads, the mines, the shipping and various other forms of industrial effort not afforded foreign protection in crises like the present, China would be much more backward than she actually is today.—Providence Journal.

Canada Leads in Newsprint

Canada, in 1925, produced 1,522,217 tons of newsprint, 88 per cent. more than in 1921. The United States produced 1,530,318 tons, 25 per cent. more than in 1921. For the last four months of 1925 Canada's production exceeded that of the United States. The new mills and additional machines being started in Canada will definitely place her in the lead in 1926.

A Popular Prince

The King's youngest and sailor son is now 23, and celebrated the occasion away from home, as he is serving on the China station. He is a great favorite in court circles, and his infectious gaiety is a tremendous asset at any social function he graces with his presence. He is devoted to dancing.

Answer to Last Week's Puzzle

MATTHEW GARBLE'S
OLIO XEBEC VOLK
RUE ATTESTS OBT
AMOUR TOOT AN
LYING AEGRI GHAN
YESTER DEC GAUGE
BROKE NEGRA IN IN
ANNAL INKLESTRO
FUSLLOCICISRO
EYEGADITRIODDO
LOPIOPITATESPOP
ERIEINSETHALE
REPRISE NETTLED

Alberta Butter Winnings

Excellent Showing Made by Province in Dominion Butter Competitions

Creamery butter produced in the province of Alberta during the past season won 38.7 per cent. of all prizes offered at the 11 exhibitions in Canada at which exhibits from this province were shown, according to a statement compiled by Dr. Markar, dairy commissioner. The number of prizes won was 275 out of a possible 710. Of all first prizes offered, Alberta won 50, or 32 per cent.; of second prizes, 41 per cent. was won; of third prizes, 41 per cent.; of fourth prizes, 23.5 per cent.; of fifth prizes, 29.4 per cent.; of sixth prizes, 8.3 per cent.; of seventh prizes, 33.3 per cent.; and of eighth prizes, 22.2 per cent. In the eastern exhibitions, Alberta won 13 out of 44 prizes at Ottawa, 10 out of 36 at Toronto, and 9 out of 21 at London.

A New Kind of College

Laboratory On Hair Research To Be Established

The causes of baldness and other deteriorations of the human tresses are to be sought scientifically. An initial donation of \$5,000 toward establishment of a "college on hair research" has been announced by Charles Nessler, president of the American Master Hairdressers' Association. A member of the faculty of physicians and surgeons of Columbia University will be in charge of the proposed laboratory.

Hair is too important a factor "in the life, health and happiness of humanity," the donor said, to suffer long the results of haphazard handling.

Are Great Producers

The density of population in the prairie provinces is only 2.5 persons per square mile, yet these provinces in 1925 produced 394,556,000 bushels of wheat, 336,247,000 bushels of oats, 95,315,000 bushels of barley, and 12,085,000 bushels of rye, besides other crops. In comparison, the United Kingdom has 329 persons per square mile.

Manitoba's Forest Land

Manitoba, though classified as a prairie province, has 70 per cent. of its area that may be termed forest land. Forest reserves in the province amount to 3,729 square miles.

Mussolini Gives Warning To Germany Against Anti-Italian Campaign

Rome.—Premier Mussolini's speech in the Chamber of Deputies, in which he warned Germany against the anti-Italian campaign carried on in the Reich, was characterized frequently in political circles today as almost equivalent to a declaration of war against Germany. All day long Mussolini's words of warning were discussed, and his speech was declared to be one of the best, certainly the most significant of his international statements since the Corfu incident.

In his speech, Mussolini said: "Italy desires to be a sincere friend of the German people, but a friend looking Germany in the eye with her hands up."

After characterizing the German campaign as "nefarious, ridiculous and lying," the premier went on: "We will be sufficiently explicit—and I believe that plain speaking will serve truth, civilization and even peace—to after slightly the old formula and declare that sometimes it is necessary to pay with two eyes for the loss of one, and with a whole set of teeth for the loss of one tooth."

Mussolini asserted that the recent address of the Bavarian Premier Held concerning the Upper Adige "was simply unheard of"; ridiculed the Bavarian's invoking the Locarno spirit, which he described as having "become soft, evanescent, insupportable and even hypocritical, like habitude things."

Mussolini expressed the belief that the German campaign was based on ignorance of the virile Italian nation which had succeeded the Italy of a generation ago, and added: "The Germans must learn the truth, since the Italian policy in the Upper Adige will not flinch one little bit."

Burned Cargo For Fuel

British Freighter Reaches Philadelphia Nineteen Days Overdue

Philadelphia.—Nineteen days overdue, after battling the gales which have been raging on the Atlantic for several weeks, the British freighter Ryburn, with a cargo of briquettes from Rotterdam, slipped into quarantine at Marcus Hook.

She was burning her cargo for fuel, her bunkers having been scraped clean in the battle with the storms, described by Captain David Duncan Milne as the worst he had ever experienced.

May Visit Russia

Lloyd George Receives An Invitation From the Bolsheviks

London.—An invitation has been sent to David Lloyd George to visit Russia.

It does not come from the Bolshevik Government, but the "Bolsheviks," it is said, have intimated that they would welcome his visit and would afford him an opportunity to investigate conditions in Russia.

"I shall probably go sooner or later, but not yet," was Mr. Lloyd George's comment on the invitation.

Oldest Russian Peasant Dead

Rostov, Russia.—Ivan Tretya, reputed to be the oldest peasant in Russia, died here at the age of 138. Ivan was married three times taking his third wife in his 100th year. He had 24 children, the eldest of whom, a daughter, is now 101.

Erect Many Monuments

Ottawa.—Over 1,000 monuments have been erected in making the corners of the 200,000,000-acre tract constituting the surveyed portion of the western provinces of Canada. T. S. Nash told the annual meeting of the Dominion land surveyors here.

Violent Storms Create Great Havoc Along The Atlantic Coast

New York.—Nearly a score of deaths, property damage and partial disruption of transportation were recorded throughout the storm areas.

Shipping, harried by more than a week of severe storms, suffered new disasters. Thousands of passengers on coastwise liners were snowbound in Long Island Sound where the steamers anchored to await a clearing of the atmosphere.

Two ships were reported in distress at sea, and a third, the Dutch freighter Stad Zalt-Hommel, was believed that she was burning coal from

Ask Wider Control Of Films

Too Many U. S. Pictures Says London County Council

London.—The London County Council by a large majority adopted the recommendation its theatre and music-halls committee made that the government be asked to give the council wider powers to control the moving picture films exhibited in the county of London.

The committee's report issued in December alluded to the predominance of United States films and favored giving the council wider powers of control.

It also advocated making compulsory the exhibition of a certain proportion of British films.

Big Butter Shipment

New Zealand Sends 336,000 Pounds Butter to Vancouver

Vancouver.—A total of 336,000 pounds of butter will arrive from New Zealand on the liner Aorangi, most of which is for consumption in Vancouver.

In the first week in January an initial shipment of 8,000 boxes was brought in, with the result that the price of the British Columbia product fell from 48 cents a pound wholesale to 44 cents.

It is not expected that there will be any further drop, owing to the fact that colder weather on the prairies has reduced production there.

Want Pension Age Limit Reduced

Trades and Labor Councils Propose 65 Instead of 70

Victoria, B.C.—The Victoria trades and labor council decided to join trades and labor councils throughout Canada in urging the age limit in the proposed old age pensions be set at 65 years instead of 70 years.

The council also decided to support the exhaustive inquiry being made by trades and labor councils in Western Canada as to the cost of school text books, and to ascertain what each book is produced for as compared with the cost of school books in Ontario.

Votes Depends On Programme

Miss McPhail Says People Are Misunderstanding the Situation

Ottawa, Ont.—Agnes McPhail, M.P., has provided a good deal of copy for masculine pens. The St. Catharines Standard says: "She talked one way and voted the other, just like a woman." She herself said in an interview: "People are misunderstanding the situation. We voted on a constitutional question. We did not give the government a vote of confidence. For my part I would not hesitate to change my vote, it depends on the programme."

Reveal Communist Plot

Assassination of Greek Leaders Was Planned Says Report

Athens.—The existence of a Communist plot to assassinate Premier Pangalos and other Greek leaders is understood to have been revealed by the seizure of correspondence with the Communist International in a raid on a Communist centre here. A semi-official report says the police arrested three Greek Communists. The police seized a printing press used for the publication of a secret Communist periodical.

How Texas Controls Crime

Members of Police Force Are Expert Pistol Shots

San Antonio, Tex.—Down here in the shadow of the old Alamo, folks generally and the police in particular, have a reputation for being quick on the trigger. But San Antonio, with a population of more than 200,000 and a police department of 193, has not had a major robbery in five years.

The remarkable absence of gunmen, safe blowers and others of that portion of the population is accredited to the fact that there are 25 men on the force who are expert pistol shots. The whole force, including the marksmanship medal-winning Chief T. O. Miller, engage in pistol practice at regular intervals. It is said that if officers were beaten on the "draw," they would hand over their weapons in disgust.

The 193 persons of the force, which includes matrons and other attaches, patrol an area of approximately fifty square miles.

Old-Time Tribunal Revived In Germany

Four Men Sentenced to Death For Murder of One

Berlin.—Four members of the so-called "Black Reichswehr" were sentenced to death in the first of a series of murder trials. Two others were given prison terms, and five acquitted. They were accused of the murder of one Pannier, another member of the organization.

These tribunals, or "Vehmgerichte," flourish during the Middle Ages and exercised a powerful and sometimes sinister jurisdiction in Germany. The court's only punishment was death, which was carried out on the spot.

Probe Urged On Capital Punishment

Attorney-General, Manitoba, Suggests Committee to Study Question

Winnipeg.—Appointment of a committee by the Federal Government to study the question of capital punishment and make a careful and scientific analysis of the subject was suggested by Hon. R. W. Craig, attorney-general in the Manitoba Legislature.

Williams Evans, Labor, brought the question before the house and the debate lasted more than an hour. Mr. Craig said the old Mosaic law of "a tooth for a tooth" sounded ridiculous today and a "life for a life" was the only phase of it left.

Deciding Best Plan For Chinese Relief

British Mission Will Open An Investigation In March

Vancouver.—Lord Willington, chairman of the British Mission which will open an investigation in China to find out how the British share of the Boxer indemnity in future may be best applied to Chinese purposes, reached Vancouver accompanied by Lady Willington and sailed Feb. 8 for the Far East. The inquiry will begin in March. The annual British quota of the Boxer indemnity, which it has now been decided to vote to Chinese relief, amounts to £100,000.

May Withdraw From Cable Plan

Ottawa.—Hon. Charles Murphy, postmaster-general, has notified the Pacific cable board that he will recommend the withdrawal of Canada from the partnership with the United Kingdom, Australia and New Zealand, under which the Pacific cable was constructed. If the board persists in the duplication of the Pacific cable from Fiji to Canada.

Historic Painting Finished
Tokyo.—The Japanese painter Gasei Taketani, who has been reproducing on a scroll the historic scene of the great accession ceremonies of the present emperor, has finished his work after ten years. The scroll is 39 feet long and more than 1,000 human figures are painted on it. The scroll will be presented to Emperor and Empress.

Elevator Damaged By Wind

Vancouver.—A violent windstorm did damage to the gallery of the Woodward grain elevator here. The gallery was blown off the deck, but the building was salvaged. It will take ten days to repair the damage, but there will be no loss of time in receiving and shipping grain. It is stated. The damage amounts to about \$2,000.

British Debaters Beat McGill

Montreal.—Debaters from the Universities of Oxford, London and Birmingham defeated by a narrow margin the McGill team which was chosen to support the proposition that "an adequate defensive force should be established on the Pacific Ocean by the Governments of the Dominions."

George Smith Acquitted

Found Not Guilty Of Charges Made In Connection With Printing Contract

Edmonton.—George P. Smith, former minister of education, was found not guilty by a jury here of theft of \$5,820 from the province of Alberta. The jury deliberated for five hours before bringing in its verdict. Mr. Justice Ives discharged without comment.

The Smith trial covered a period of five days and was the outcome of a royal commission investigation conducted by Mr. Justice Walsh into charges made by Louis G. Scott into printing methods of the former Liberal Government. The Scott charges which were made on the eve of the federal election, alleged that the sum of \$5,820 was paid to the Esdale Press Limited by means of "faked invoices" for printing which was never done and that this money went to George P. Smith.

Prisoners Are Released

Forty-six Unemployed Men In Calgary Are Given Liberty

Ottawa.—Release of the 46 unemployed men who were arrested in Calgary and convicted on a charge of obtaining meals at a restaurant and failing to pay for them, has been ordered. The men were sentenced to 30 days' imprisonment.

Representations on their behalf were made by J. S. Woodsworth, Labor member for North Centre Winnipeg, and the Trades and Labor Congress of Calgary communicated with Hon. Ernest Lapointe, minister of justice, stating that the men were without work, which was unobtainable. The case was taken up by the clemency branch of the justice department, and the release of the men granted.

Egg Drive At Coast

An Egg a Day Campaign Helps to Boost Prices

Victoria, B.C.—An egg a day drive started by British Columbia poultrymen in an attempt to reduce the present egg glut on the Canadian market is having its effect in a gradual stiffening of prices, according to Hon. E. D. Barrow, minister of agriculture.

"Increased public buying on the strength of low prices is having a real effect on the egg situation," Mr. Barrow said. "The campaign which the producers have been conducting to increase egg consumption is cutting into the huge egg surplus which has been depressing the market. This is reflected in gradually increasing egg prices."

Substantial Prize Offered

Dancing Masters Seek Something New to Replace Fox Trot

Paris.—Europe is ready for a new dance, and the dancing masters are ready to pay a goodly sum for one. The Charleston has been tried and found "not wanted."

The fox trot has endured for twenty years. The one step has had its day. The tango has met with a mixed reception, but the waltz apparently is to be eternal.

At the European dance congress which meets at Brussels this month, a special prize of 10,000 francs will be awarded for the dance most likely to replace the fox trot in popular favor. The dance must be based on the waltz step.

Wants To Make New Record

Owner of Lunch Wagon Practices For Eating Contest

Morgantown, W. Va.—After a practice session during which he devoured cheese sandwiches, six pork chops, one large loaf of Italian bread, a dish of lettuce salad and another loaf of bread, Louis Thirigolis, owner of a lunch wagon, has announced he will go after the world's eating record. His tentative menu includes 12 pounds of fish, four loaves of bread, five cups of coffee, and two dozen eggs. Police officers will referee the contest.

Reduce Cost of Weddings

Constantinople.—Fathers of marriageable daughters have found a real friend in the governor of Constantinople province. He has promulgated a law restricting in great detail expenditures allowed in connection with weddings and forbidding many of the picturesque but costly features which have been part of Turkish weddings for ages.

To Keep Fruit Fresh

London.—John Maclean Thompson, professor of botany at Liverpool University, the Daily Mail says, has discovered a method for fruit preservation which is expected to supersede cold storage and make possible the importation to this country of fruits that never have been fasted here.

House Of Commons On Government Motion Adjourns Till March 15

New Air Line Planned

Soviets Negotiating For London to Tokyo Route Via Russia

Moscow.—Negotiations are in progress between the Soviet Government and the Aero-Lloyd Air Transport Company of Germany for the establishment of an aeroplane service between London and Tokyo by way of Russia. The proposed route is through Berlin to Moscow, thence to Irkutsk, Siberia and Peking, China; thence to Dairen, on the Liaotung Peninsula in Northwest China, then over to Seoul, Korea, and across to Tokyo. The Soviet Government has plans for the establishment of branch air lines linking the main line with such areas as the Yankutsk gold mine centre in Eastern Siberia.

Night flying takes an important place in the plans.

It is estimated that with day flying only the trip from London to Tokyo would take about eight days, with day and night flying about half of that time.

Must State Incomes Under Oath

French Deputies Pass First Measure In New Finance Scheme

Paris.—The first article of the financial measure passed by the Chamber of Deputies made it obligatory for every person in France having an income to declare the amount under oath. The number of such declarations, it is estimated, would be about 20,000,000, and strict application of this law would mean a complicated mass of documents.

The article had no sooner been voted, however, than efforts were begun to exempt a considerable number of workers and farmers from its provisions.

Alberta School Trustees

Seven Hundred Delegates Attend Convention in Edmonton

Edmonton, Alta.—Seven hundred delegates from all parts of the province were in attendance at the annual convention of the Alberta School Trustees' Association.

Strong hostility was shown to proposed legislation providing for the levy of three mills on the dollar on the assessed value of land in school districts which are not in town districts.

Officers were re-elected by acclamation, as follows: T. C. King, Edmonton, president; F. H. Herbert, Strathcona, vice-president; H. C. Wingate, Calgary, second vice-president.

Soviets Try Alleged Spies

Leningrad, Russia.—Forty-eight alleged Estonian spies were placed on trial accused of plotting against the Soviet state. It is believed that at least thirty of the accused face the death penalty. The Soviet Government alleges that several have been in close contact with the British intelligence service.

Much Unemployment In Poland

Warsaw.—Statistics show that 300,000 workmen in Poland of a working population of 500,000 are out of employment. There is little hope of immediate improvement in the situation.

Committee Will Be Appointed To Investigate The Customs Charges

Ottawa.—That there never was any secrecy regarding his giving of information to H. H. Stevens, M.P. for Vancouver, in connection with smuggling operations, is stressed in a statement given by Percy Sparks, of Ottawa, chairman of the executive committee of the Criminal Protective Association. Mr. Sparks, in fact, points out that Hon. George H. Holvin had been told by him that he was co-operating with Mr. Stevens and that he had the approval of the Criminal Protective Association. Mr. Sparks and other members of his association are prepared to appear before the committee when it is appointed, and, under oath, give information which they possess.

In continuing the debate in the house, Donald Sutherland, Conservative, South Oxford, declared his surprise that the Progressives should give the government their support on the strength of a promise from the speech from the throne to introduce legislation which the government's own supporters had opposed in the past. He charged that during the last election "votes were transferred bodily from one constituency to another to assist the government in distress."

J. J. Dennis (Liberal, Joliette) said the debate had degenerated into stump speeches and political propaganda. The attitude of the Opposition was contrary to logic. The Conservatives had described the government as decrepit but the government had been sustained in its course twice within the past two weeks. Parliament had shown its preference for the government over the Tory party.

Wealth Production In The North

Salt Refinery Recently Established at Fort McMurray

Last week five cars of salt were brought down from the refinery recently established at Ft. McMurray. Nine cars of fish also came in, making 18 cars shipped from the lakes served by the A. and G. W. line since the middle of last month. The resources of that section of the province are being brought into use, if not as rapidly as could be wished. The fur trade of course is older than Edmonton, and the original cause of a trading post being located there. For many years a large sawmill in Edmonton has drawn its log supply from the lakes tapped by the A. and G. W. The exports of fish from the northern lakes is a well established business, one that makes a large item in the trade total for this district, and has done so for a number of years.

The establishment of the salt refinery marks the beginning of an industry which must grow with the population of the whole prairie country and reach very large proportions eventually. As yet very little of the famous Athabasca asphalt is brought out. But the deposits are practically inexhaustible, the need for surfacing material for streets and roads throughout the prairie provinces is large and increasing, and with a return of more prosperous times it will not be surprising if the railway handles more tar sand than any other commodity. It is doubtful if such a deposit, situated three hundred miles from any other city in Canada would so long have lain unused. That condition cannot continue indefinitely, and cannot be ended too soon. *Edmonton Bulletin.*

Winter-feeding Stock Turkeys

Light Feed of Scratch Grain in the Morning and Full Feed at Night

There is danger of turkeys kept for stock becoming too fat in winter from being overfed. Dependence, says Mr. G. Robertson, assistant Dominion poultry husbandman, should be placed largely on alfalfa or clover hay and scratch grain. The last mentioned should be fed sparingly and at ways in a deep litter so that the birds will have to work for all they eat. Grit, oyster shell and other water or snow should be continuously available. As the time that eggs are wanted approaches, the ration can be gradually increased until they are similar to that recommended for ordinary fowl. Regarding the latter, Mr. Robertson, in his bulletin on "Poultry Feeds and Feeding," which can be had at no cost on application to the publications branch, Ottawa, advises that breeders should be fed a varied non-stimulating ration that bulk may be added to the mash by the addition of alfalfa meal to the mixture, and that a light feed of scratch grain be fed in the morning and a full feed at night. As breeding time approaches a little raw liver is added to the ration. An occasional feed of cod liver oil will do no harm to the laying birds. Green feed in variety is a necessity.

Franklin's Original Epitaph

Has Been In Collection Of Chicago Business Man For Twenty Years

Benjamin Franklin's original epitaph which had been kept hidden in the collection of a Chicago business man since its discovery twenty-years ago was made public on the eve of Franklin's birthday.

The inscription differs in only a few words and punctuation marks from the widely known epitaph of "Poor Richard." It follows:

B. Franklin
Printer
Like the cover of an old book
Its contents worn out
And strip of its lettering and gilding

Lies here food for worms
But the work shall not be wholly lost
For it will, as he believed, appear
Once more

In a new and more perfect edition
Corrected and amended
By the Author

Had a Real Grievance

Out Kuhn, the millionaire philanthropist, said at a dinner in New York:

"The charges that our bolshevik friends bring against the moneyed classes remind me of the charges which complained to his wife:

"Don't talk to me about the rich. They're hopeless. Here I spent two hard-working weeks getting old Gobsa Gobsa's signature down pat, and the very day I start out to pass one of his checks the apocryphal old skunk goes and fells."

Next to making mistakes the easiest thing in the world is to criticize the mistakes of others.

W. N. C. 1615

Britain's Great Naval Station

Portsmouth Is Marvellous Sight If Seen First From Sea

To realize the marvels of Portsmouth, it must be seen first from the sea.

Coming in by St. Helen's, writes Herbert Vivien, we pass the cheese-shaped forts of granite and iron rising out of the waters between the east end of the Isle of Wight and Southsea Castle on the mainland. On the slopes of Portsmouth Hill stands the famous monument to Nelson, with the anchor of the Victory displayed on the granite base. As far as the eye can see, the whole place bristles with forts, rows and tiers and terraces of forts, all set out with the most wonderful ingenuity of modern science to guard the entrance to the first harbor in the world. The whole panorama is a vision of beauty, majesty and strength. It was here that the Grand Fleet assembled in August, 1911, saving Britain from invasion and appointing Portsmouth as a place of pilgrimage and pride. If once enemy ships could have broken through into the English Channel, Portsmouth would have been their first objective, perhaps their richest prize.

The entrance to Portsmouth Harbor is narrower than the Thames at London Bridge, but has sufficient depth of water to permit battleships to enter at any state of the tide. Soon it expands into a broad estuary, and five miles up stands old Portsmouth Castle, built by William the Conqueror.

Here throughout the war was an extraordinary scene of intense and unwearying activity, whereby the traditions of Portsmouth as the naval centre of the empire were worthily upheld. And here today we are still confronted by a sight that deserves to be reckoned among the wonders of Britain.

The main gateway is at the end of the Harb at Portsmouth, and there are two other entrances known as Unicorn Gate and Marlborough Gate. Passing through any of these, we behold more than three hundred acres of basins, mounds floating and other docks, slips, cranes, factories, huge workshops with every kind of mechanical labor-saving device invented by man, storehouses and barracks. Every type of warship is constructed here, and it is the most complete naval arsenal on earth.

Plants Struggle For Existence

Vegetables Send Roots Deep Into the Ground to Obtain Moisture

The silent struggle for existence and the lengths to which a thirsty beet or pumpkin may go are made known by Prof. J. E. Weaver and Dr. Herbert C. Hanson, who have concluded an intimate inquiry at Lincoln, Neb., into the private lives of these and other vegetables.

They made their findings public before the American Association for the Advancement of Science in their recent convention at Kansas City.

Plants such as beets, carrots, parsnips, and turnips frequently send their roots down ten feet, these scientists have discovered. The roots of pumpkins and squashes, often growing at the rate of 2 to 2.5 inches a day, reach as far from the base of the plant as the widely spreading vines, often fifteen to eighteen feet.

The lettuce also is shown to be a thirsty plant, its roots reaching depths of six to seven feet. The tap root of only a half-grown beet was found to have shot downward five feet, the root branches spreading three feet on all sides.

These scientists, in conjunction with E. E. Clements, also found a high mortality in the struggles of plants to gain a livelihood. Observing plants shooting up from the Nebraska prairie, they discovered that their crowding occasionally has resulted in a mortality as high as 80 to 98 per cent.

"Thus the old struggle for existence going on quietly and quite unnoticed in the vividly portrayed," the scientists state. "The ultimate object of pitting various kinds of grasses and herbs in these battles for supremacy is to trace out what has actually occurred in the past and to account for the present grouping and interrelation of plants."

Savings Deposits Increase

An increase of twenty-one millions in the total of savings deposits held by Canadian chartered banks during November last, is shown in the monthly statement. Demand deposits increased by \$55,573,022, during the month. The amount of call loans held in Canada showed an increase of approximately thirteen millions.

Automobiles in the United States were responsible for 19,000 deaths last year, and in England for 3,000. The English must be a very nimble and athletic race after all.—New York Judge.

Starting for heaven on a geostationary reputation is pretty risky business.

Summerfallow Substitutes

Corn Gives the Best Value as a Summerfallow Crop

For eight years the feasibility of growing an intertilled crop instead of summerfallowing land being prepared for grain the following year has been under investigation at the Lethbridge, Alta., experimental station. The substitute crops used were corn and potatoes. The latter gave the highest average, but the superintendent (Mr. W. H. Fairfield) in his report says that the market for potatoes is so uncertain, and in dry years they grow so small, that they constitute a crop of doubtful value to raise on a large scale.

Corn has given the best value as a summerfallow substitute, the report states. It is possible to grow an early maturity variety for hogging off or a later variety for fodder or ensilage. If a farmer is growing corn he must prepare to cultivate it sufficiently to keep the field clean, for if the weeds, which are the principal obstacle to overcome, are allowed to grow, as has been done in many of the cornfields of Southern Alberta, says Mr. Fairfield, the crop cannot be considered as a summerfallow substitute; it is then more like a wheat crop in its effect on the next year's crop. Yet another mistake that has been made with corn, according to the same authority, has been the planting of a late-maturing variety for fodder and then failing to harvest it before it becomes severely frosted, thus losing much of its feeding value.

Sunflowers and wheat in rows have been tested for three years, but neither has proved as satisfactory as corn.

Discover Ancient Fossil

Water Crab Believed to be Product of Millions of Years Ago

Experts of the University of Manitoba who have examined a fossil discovered at a depth of 20 feet in the Tindall quarries, Manitoba, estimate its age at 60,000,000 years.

The fossil which is known as "Trilobite" is a long-extinct water creature something like a crab that crawled at the bottom of the large sea that covered the prairies millions of years ago, scientists say.

Allenby Will Tour Canada

It is learned at Vancouver that Field Marshal Viscount Allenby will begin a tour of Canada from Victoria on March 5, accompanied by Viscountess Allenby.

Lord and Lady Allenby will be the guests of the national council of education, under whose auspices a number of distinguished visitors have delivered addresses in Canadian cities in recent years.

Henry Ford seems to have a passion for all old-fashioned things except the horse and buggy.

Sacrifice Of Mother Giraffe

Kills Helpless Young One to Save It From Hunters

Lieutenant Girard, who returned recently to Paris from Central Africa with a consignment of animals for the Jardin des Plantes, told how he had seen a mother giraffe kill her young one to prevent it falling into the hands of the hunters, says La Bultarie, as translated for the Kansas City Star.

The lieutenant had surprised a herd of giraffes in a clearing near a Sudanese village, and the animals had taken flight, leaving one baby giraffe peacefully grazing. For a mother giraffe to abandon her young is extremely unusual, and this was evidently a bit of carelessness on the mother's part, for the latter suddenly burst from the surrounding undergrowth and dashed back to retrieve her child.

She seized the little giraffe by the neck just above the shoulders and started off, holding it at the full stretch of her long neck. The lieutenant's negro attendant could not resist the temptation to fire, and the mother giraffe fell with her burden, mortally wounded. As the hunters drew near, however, the dying animal struggled to its feet, seized the baby by the throat, swung it several times in the air like a sling and released it. The little one described a great parabola through the air and crashed to the ground, breaking all four of its legs. When the men reached it it was dead. The mother also perished.

How Big Is Your Vocabulary?

Ten Thousand Words Will Suffice the Average Business Man

Dr. Frank H. Vizetelly says that the well-trained physician, minister or lawyer has a vocabulary larger than Shakespeare's. The Bard of Avon used 25,000 words in his plays; the professional man must have 25,000 or more. Ten thousand will suffice the average business man, while the "average individual not especially educated knows from 3,000 to 10,000." Woodrow Wilson, according to Dr. Vizetelly, in three of his books used 60,000 distinct terms. After all, the main thing is not how many words a person knows, but what he does with them. The renowned vocabulary of Jesus was pretty small. Despite the fact that three books of Wilson contained more than twice as many words as the plays of Shakespeare, the plays will live longer after the books are forgotten. *New Bedford Standard.*

"Sandwich Girls" Now

The sandwich man, with his shaggy hair, ragged clothing and disreputable looks, is doomed. Several London advertisers have hired smart-looking girls to carry their sandwich advertisements. They have attracted much more attention than any man ever has.

We are told the cat has nine lives and it spends eight of them in vocal culture.

Compass Widely Used

Never In World's History Has It Proved Of More Value

The invention of the compass is lost in the dawn of history. It is first found mentioned in a quaint Chinese legend which relates that the Emperor Hoang-ti in 2634 B.C. led forth his army and attacked the rebel Kihang on the plains of Tchoulou. But Kihang, getting the worst of the conflict, called the wizards, magicians and sorcerers to his aid, who raised a great fog to hide Kihang and his army. Then the emperor, not to be outdone, used the greater magic of the compass, which led his army through the fog so that he was able to overcome Kihang and capture him.

The compass appears to have been brought to Europe in the twelfth century, most probably by the Arabians, as it is known that the Arabian and Chinese traders met in the Persian Gulf; and on account of its very great practical value as a guide in all weathers, it rapidly came into general use, and enabled Christopher Columbus to sail straight west from Spain, by day and by night, through fair and stormy weather, to the discovery of the New World.

In spite of the fact that the compass has been known for so long, it is today more widely employed than ever before; it is the sure-fire pathfinder, the cloud by day and the pillar of fire by night to the sailor adrift on the heaving main; the airman above the hiding clouds; the miner far underground in the deepest shaft; the explorer, surveyor, hunter, trapper, prospector, pioneer and traveller penetrating the trackless forest, the jumbled mountains, the virgin wilderness and the Far North.

But the compass still has hidden secrets. Elusive earth currents and stubborn static still act the part of highwaymen and hold up our friends the telegraph and wireless and radio. We know these highwaymen are in the nature of first cousins to the dancing northern lights and magnetic storms that torture the compass, and the black cyclonic sun spots that try to rob us of our light and heat; but all these things are still seen through a glass, darkly, and scientists believe they never probably can be forced to take the stand and lay bare their most secrets until the direction of pointing of the compass has been properly mapped all over the world.

Women Better Able To Withstand Cold

Men Lose Out in Winter Tests Recently Made in France

That women can stand the cold better than men has been proved by testing French men and women swimmers. Choosing the present unusually cold spell with snow on the streets of Paris, they have made several tests and in the Atlantic on the coast of Brittany. Women won all the tests.

Not being organized in connection with any sporting event they have won little attention, but have proved that women can go into colder water and stay longer than men. This, it is found, is due to the fine texture of their muscles, to a delicate layer of fat protecting the body and to a better heart action and supply of blood because of arteries being relatively larger in women than in men.

Mlle. Rose Nougaret without applying any protecting grease went into the Atlantic, swimming comfortably for fifteen minutes in water at the freezing point, whereas none of the men was able to stand more than a few minutes. The men came out blue with cold and with their teeth chattering while she was fresh, plump and exhilarated.

The swimming Bonnet captivated before his wife in the Seine. He had just won the Christmas swimming cup, but swimming beside his wife on an untimed course he gave up, while she was still unaffected. A slight layer of fat was responsible. It was found also that he had been unable to throw off body waste in breathing and from the muscles through the circulation.

The tests were arranged because it had been noted during the mid-summer across-Paris swimming match that sixty youths were exhausted by the cold, while none of the women contestants were affected.

How Russia Does It
In Russia, the home of liberty, a Norwegian skipper at Leningrad reported to the authorities that the dock laborers' work on his ship had struck for higher wages. A body of Red Guards promptly appeared, drove the laborers back to their jobs, and kept them at work for seventy-five hours without pay. There did not happen to be a delegation of British trade unionists on the spot at the moment.—London Sunday Pictorial.

Singing and shouting before breakfast is recommended by a physical culturist as a means of living to a happy old age. Yes, if it doesn't result in murder.

How And Why To Grow Alfalfa

Continues to Yield a Paying Crop for Many Years

Summarizing the reasons given in a leaflet published by the Dominion experimental farms detailing in brief terse paragraphs why and how alfalfa should be grown in Canada, the reasons "why" can be stated as: "Because it can be grown in every province, even as far north as Fort Vermilion in Northern Alberta; because it continues to yield paying crops for many years; because the average yield of cured alfalfa hay for all Canada in ten years has been 2½ tons per acre; because its palatability and feeding value as hay is equal, if not superior, to any other crop; because it carries a very high percentage of protein; because it can advantageously be used as silage or cut green as a sowing crop; because it can be ground into a meal of excellent feeding value; because it makes an excellent pasture if pastured intelligently; because the deep-root system of alfalfa, besides extracting plant food from the subsoil also opens up the subsoil; because decaying alfalfa roots, stems and leaves enrich the soil.

For the growth of alfalfa select a level drained field; seed on land that is in good fertility; do not seed an acid soil, soil on much of Eastern Canada and the Pacific Coast needing an application of lime; secure hardy Canadian-grown seed, Grimm and Ontario varieties are the most available; see that the land is as free as possible from weeds; inoculation of the seed is necessary, the material being obtainable free from the Dominion bacteriologist, central experimental farm, Ottawa; fifteen to twenty pounds of good seed to the acre is generally sufficient in Canada, but in the prairie provinces considerably less will yield a good stand; seed either with or without a nurse crop (see leaflet for provisions); best results are obtained when the soil has become well warmed, but before the dry periods of July and August. Do not pasture a new stand of alfalfa the first year; alfalfa should go into winter with a foot of growth.

Yearly Loss Of Eight Million

Value Of Dishes Broke in Canada Every Twelve Months

Every mistress who once in so often dismisses a maid in protest at her breakages—or every mother who says it's so much safer to wash her own dishes—may think their servants or their children are the most careless in the country. But those people who attended Mrs. General Mitchell's lecture in Toronto, on French pottery, were amazed at Professor Curelley's remarks at its close, for that authority on art treasures declared that no less than \$8,000,000 worth of crockery is broken in Canada each year. As this loss represents goods that are practically not made in Canada, it means that this loss results in millions going out of this country that could be retained with more care!

Compactness Is Required

Actress Says Small Man Better Suited To Modern Living Quarters

In these days of small houses and cramped flats tall men are not as much in demand as husbands as in the more spacious days of the Victorian era. At least Eliazo Terris, among the leading English actresses, says she has made this discovery, and contends that the short, compact husband is better suited to the new scheme of things in which brevity and compactness are so desirable. She feels she is competent to deliver an opinion on this subject, since her husband, Seymour Hicks, also well known on the London stage, is "betwixt and between."

A seed company had received ten applications for free samples of pea seed from one customer and the chief of the mail order department wrote: "I am sending you the seeds, but what are you doing with so much pea seed? Are you planting the whole country with peas?"

"No," came the answer, "we are not planting them at all; we use them for soup!"

Too Familiar

Mary Anne gave notice she was going to be married. Her mistress, slightly perturbed, said: "Of course. I don't want to put any obstacle in the way of your getting married, but I wish it were possible for you to postpone it until I can get another maid."

"Well, mum," Mary Anne replied, "I hardly think I know 'im well enough to ask 'im to put it off!"

"Have you a nice room?" asked the young woman from the small town.

Hotel Clerk: "Yes, mum; but how about a bath?"

Young Woman: "That's none of your business."



Genuine ASPIRIN

Proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for

Colds Headache Neuritis Lumbago
Pain Neuralgia Toothache Rheumatism

DOES NOT AFFECT THE HEART

Safe

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopole. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopole. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monopole.

BARRE, SON OF KAZAN

James Oliver Curwood

A LOVE EPIC OF THE FAR NORTH

Copyright, 1917, by Doubleday, Page & Co.

"BARRE, SON OF KAZAN," a Vitaphone Picture, With Wolf, the War Dog. Is an Adaptation of This Story

SYNOPSIS

Barre, the wolf-dog, and McTaggart, the trapper, were at war. Enemies of old, each now devoted himself to making his miscreant enemy as miserable as possible. Barre continued to stir McTaggart's game-traps of their food, instinctively avoiding the poison which the treacherous man brute spread for him. Then McTaggart placed deadly wolf-traps through which the dog would have to reach to procure his bait.

CHAPTER XXVI.—Continued.

Seven inches of snow fell that night, and the whole world seemed turned into a wonderful white robe. Like billows of feathers the snow hung to the trees and shrubs; it gave tall white caps to the rocks, and underfoot it was so light that a cartridge dropped from the hand sank to the bottom of it. Barre was on the trap-line early. He was more cautious this morning, for there was no longer the scent of snowshoe track of McTaggart to guide him. He struck the first trap about halfway between Lac Dahn and the shack in which the Factor was waiting. It was sprung, and there was no bait. Trap after trap he visited, and all of them he found sprung, and all with-out bait. He sniffed the air suspiciously, striving vainly to catch the tang of smoke, a whiff of the man-smell. Along toward noon he came to the "nest"—the twelve treacherous traps waiting for him with gaping jaws half a foot under the blanket of snow. For a full minute he stood well outside the danger line, sniffing the air, and listening. He saw the rabbit, and his jaws closed with a hungry click. He moved a step nearer. Still he was suspicious—for some strange and inexplicable reason he sensed danger. Anxiously he sought for it with his nose, his eyes and his ears. And all about him there was a great silence and a great peace. His jaws clicked again. He whined softly. What was it stirring him? Where was the danger he could



"When he saw McTaggart he made a lunge to his feet, almost instantly."

WOMAN COULD HARDLY WALK

Mrs. Horn Tells how Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Health



Hamilton, Ont.—"I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and would not be without it now. I had a female trouble so badly I could hardly walk and I was all run-down and could hardly get around to do my house-work. I would be in bed three or four days at a time. I was told by a friend to try your Vegetable Compound. I did, and by the time I took two bottles I was beginning to get around again. I took ten bottles in all, and now I am all right again and doing my own work. I have six grown-up to work for, so I have plenty to do. I also used Lydia E. Pinkham's Sanative Wash, and I think it is good. But I owe my health to the Vegetable Compound, and I think if more of it was used women would be better off. I would not be without it if it cost much more."—Mrs. NELSON HORN, 28 St. Matthew Avenue, Hamilton, Ontario.

Do you feel broken down, nervous and weak sometimes? Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is excellent to take at such a time. It always helps, and if taken regularly and persistently, will relieve this condition. O

W. N. U. 1615

braced. His head and chest remained up, and the snarl that came from his throat was tigerish in its ferocity. Here, at last—not more than a dozen feet from him—was the one thing in all the world that he hated more than he hated the wolf breed. And again he was helpless, as he was helpless that other time in the rabbit snare.

The fierceness of his snarl did not disturb Bush McTaggart now. He saw how utterly the other was at his mercy, and with an exultant laugh he leaned his rifle against a tree, pulled off his mittens, and began loading his pipe. This was the triumph he had looked forward to, the torture he had waited for. In his soul there was a hatred as deadly as Barre's, the hatred that a man might have for a man. He had expected to send a bullet through the dog. But this was better—to watch him dying by inches, to taunt him as he would have taunted a human, to walk about him so that he could hear the clank of the traps and see the fresh blood drip as Barre twisted his tortured legs and body to keep facing him. It was a splendid vengeance. He was so engrossed in it that he did not hear the approach of snowshoes behind him. It was a voice—a man's voice—that turned him round suddenly.

The man was a stranger, and he was younger than McTaggart by ten years. At least he looked no more than thirty-five or six, even with the short growth of blond beard he wore. He was of that sort that the average man would like at a glance; boyish, and yet a man; with clear eyes that looked out frankly from under the rim of his fur cap, a firm litho as an Indian's, and a face altogether that did not bear the hard lines of the wilderness. Yet McTaggart knew before he had spoken that this man was of the wilderness, that he was heart and soul a part of it. His cap was fisher-skin. He wore a windproof coat of softly tanned caribou skin, belted at the waist with a long sash, and Indian fringed. The inside of the coat was fur. He was travelling on the long, slender bush-country snowshoe; his pack, strapped over the shoulders, was small and compact; he was carrying his rifle in a cloth jacket. And from cap to snowshoe he was travel-worn. McTaggart, at a guess, would have said he had travelled a thousand miles in the last few weeks. It was not this thought that sent the strange and chilling fear up his back, but the sudden fear that in some way a whisper of the truth might have found its way down into the south—the truth of what had happened on the Gray Loon—and that this travel-worn stranger wore under his caribou skin coat the badge of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police. For that instant it was almost a terror that possessed him, and he stood mute.

The stranger had uttered only an amazed exclamation before. Now he said, with his eyes on Barre: "God save us, but you've got the poor devil in a right proper mess, haven't you?"

There was something in the voice that reassured McTaggart. It was not a suspicious voice, and he saw that the stranger was more interested in the captured animal than in himself. He drew a deep breath. "A trap robber," he said.

The stranger was staring still more closely at Barre. He thrust his gun stock downward in the snow and drew nearer to him.

"God save us again—a dog!" he exclaimed.

From behind, McTaggart was watching the man with the eyes of a ferret. "Yes, a dog," he answered. "A wild dog, half wolf at least. He's robbed me of a thousand dollars' worth of fur this winter."

The stranger squatted himself before Barre, with his mittened hands resting on his knees, and his white teeth gleaming in a half smile.

"You poor devil!" he said sympathetically. "So you're a trap robber, eh? An outlaw? And—the Police have got you! And—God save us



Soothe Itching Skin With Cuticura

Bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water and follow with a gentle application of Cuticura Ointment. This treatment not only soothes but in most cases heals.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: Canadian Agents: "Washburn, Ltd., Montreal." Price, Soap 25c, Ointment 25c and 50c. Talisman 50c. Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.



After Every Meal

It doesn't take much to keep you in trim. Nature only asks a little help.

Wrigley's, after every meal, benefits teeth, breath, appetite and digestion.

A Flavor for Every Taste

once more—they haven't played you a very square game!"

(To be continued)

High Temperature In Well

Record Temperature of 208 Degrees at 6,500 Feet Below the Surface

C. E. Van Ostrand, of the United States geological survey, has recorded a temperature of 208 degrees Fahrenheit at a place 6,500 feet below the surface in a well in Longmont, Col. The well was the hottest ever tested by the surveying party. Mr. Van Ostrand said that he would have found greater heat had he gone down 7,500 feet, but the capacity of his instruments had about been reached at the 6,500 foot level. The next hot test well on record is at Fairmont, West Virginia, where at a depth of 7,500 feet the temperature was recorded at 170 degrees Fahrenheit.

BABY'S WELFARE DURING FEBRUARY

Should Be Most Carefully Guard-
ed By All Mothers

February is one of the hardest months of the year on little ones. It is a month of cold, blustery days that prevent the mother taking her baby out for the fresh air so necessary to its welfare. Baby is consequently confined to the home. More often than not the rooms are overheated and badly ventilated, and the little one catches cold or gripple. What is needed to keep the baby well is a gentle laxative that will regulate the stomach and bowels; banish constipation and indigestion and in this way will either prevent or break up colds and gripple. Such a laxative is found in Baby's Own Tablets. They are mild but thorough in action; are absolutely safe and they are guaranteed to contain neither opiates or other harmful drugs. They never fail to be of benefit to little ones and may be given to either the newborn babe or the growing child.

Baby's Own Tablets are sold by all dealers in medicine or may be had by mail, post paid, at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Trusted Snake Too Far

Jap Medicine Man Dies From Bite of
Pet Serpent

Koguma Chu, who sold snake medicine for a living, engaged in a biting match recently with a pet serpent which he was in the habit of using in a snake charming show that formed a part of his medical entourage. Chu was demonstrating upon what friendly terms he was with snakes, in the course of the demonstration putting the serpent's head in his own mouth. The snake, angered at something, bit Chu in the tongue. Both man and serpent died the next day.

It Bids Pain Begone.—When neuralgia racks the nerves, or lumbago cripples the back, is the time to test the virtues of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Well rubbed in it will still the pain and produce a sensation of ease and rest. A trial of it will establish faith in it.

Increased Duty On Bananas

The new West Indies Treaty, which has not yet been proclaimed by the Dominion Government, adds a duty of 50 cents a stem on all bananas brought into Canada from countries outside of the British West Indies. All bananas brought into Winnipeg and Western Canada come from Central America, so that when the treaty goes into effect an additional cost of \$50,000 will be added to consumers of bananas, as the average is 1,000 cars season for Western Canada.—Free Press.

"Clara," said a caller to the minister's little daughter, "does your father ever preach the same sermon twice?"

"Yes, I think he does," answered Clara, "but he talks loud and soft in different places the second time, so it doesn't sound the same at all to an outsider."

Minard's Liniment for frost-bites

A Scottish Tag Day

Citizens Knew When To Stay In And
Go Out

The other evening when Noel Coward was swapping anecdotes with Mme. Nazimova and several other stars who had dropped into his dressing room, the celebrated Russian tragedienne told this story:

An English traveller arrived in a small Scotch town one afternoon and, noticing the almost depopulated streets, asked the stationmaster what had become of all the inhabitants.

"Well, mon, today is tag day," was that worthy's polished reply. Some weeks later the Englishman paid another visit to the same place and on this occasion found the streets swarming with people, as if some festive celebration was under way. Looking up his previous informant, he remarked to him upon the phenomena of a village that is deserted one day and over-populated another.

"I'll tell ya," volunteered the officious Scotsman. "Ya recall the tag day we had here last fortnight? Well, it was a failure, so the charity committee decided to make a house to house call for moneys. And today they're making their canvass."—New York Evening World.

English Is Taught In Swedish Schools

Since War It Has Become Most
Popular Foreign Language

German was the most popular foreign language in Stockholm before and during the world war. Now English is more popular. It is the first foreign language taught in Sweden's public schools. Every week English courses are given over the radio. It is the only language so taught.

At the recent Stockholm church conference the King opened this proceedings in English, the American and British delegates forming the majority of the conference. This act of courtesy was greatly appreciated.

Occasionally, for special purposes, the newspapers issue English pages or supplements.

Recognized as a leading specific for the destruction of worms, Mother Graves' Worm Expeller has proved a boon to suffering children everywhere. It seldom fails.

Little Helps For This Week

Work out your own salvation.—Phil. 11, 12.

And so I live, you see. Go through the world, try, prove, reject.

Prefer still struggling to effect My warfare; happy that I can Be crossed and thwarted as a man, Nor left in God's contempt apart.

With ghastly smooth life, dead not heart, Tame, in earth's paddock as her prize; Thank God no paradise stand barred To entry.

—Robert Browning.

The religion of Jesus Christ is altogether a practical thing. Just consider how we are taught anything else that is practical. It is not by hearing or reading about making shoes that a man becomes a shoemaker, but by trying to make them.—Augustus Hare.

Cat Makes Long Hike

A pet cat belonging to Dr. Margaret Bowen, of Frankfort, Ind., hiked recently from Chattanooga, Tenn., to Frankfort, 91 miles. Dr. Bowen lost the cat on her way home from Florida.

"Hello, Hank. Can I borrow a five-spot?"

"I should think so, you have had lots of practice."



The Best HEALER Money Can Buy!

50c. box all
druggists.

Production of Farm Eggs

It is estimated that the production of farm eggs in Canada for 1925 was 224,778,367 dozen, of the value of \$57,950,310, as compared with 212,648,685 dozen, of the value of \$50,322,439 in 1921.

She Could Hardly Do Her Housework Nerves Were So Bad

Mrs. I. M. Parks, Concession, Ont., writes: "I had heart and nerve trouble, and became so short of breath I could hardly do my daily housework, and was so nervous I could not think of staying alone, as every little sound I heard felt like a shock to me."

I Saw



recommended, so I tried a box, and after taking the second one I am now feeling like a different woman."

This preparation has been on the market for the past 32 years and has achieved a wonderful reputation for the relief of all heart and nerve troubles.

Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

The latest business directory of London shows that the English metropolis has no fewer than one hundred and four people houses, not counting branch establishments.

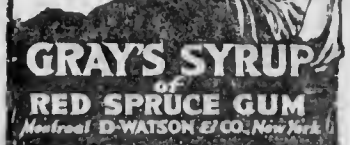
PAIN

Yields quickly to a few applications of Minard's. Equally good for internal or external use.



Coughs and Colds Mean Restless Nights

which cap the vitality. Danger lurks in every hour a cold is allowed to run. Assist nature by the prompt use of Gray's Syrup—over 60 years in use. Always buy the Large Size.



RED SPRUCE GUM

Montreal D-WATSON & CO. New York

Order Your Farm Help Now

TO BE OF SERVICE to Western Canadian farmers and help to meet their needs in securing competent farm help, the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY will continue its Farm Help Service during 1926, and will include in this Service, as last year, the supply of women domestics and boys.

Through experience in the past few years, the Company is now in touch with a number of farm laborers in Great Britain, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, France, Holland, Switzerland, Poland, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Yugoslavia, Germany and Roumania and can promptly fill applications for farm help.

In order to have the help reach Canada in time for Spring operations, farmers requiring help must get their applications in early, so enable us to secure the help needed.

Blank application forms and full information regarding the Service may be obtained from any C.P.R. agent or from any of the officials listed below.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY Department of Colonization and Development

WINNIPEG J. N. K. Macallister, Superintendent of Colonization.
T. B. Acheson, Agricultural Agent.
Canada Colonization Association.
SASKATOON W. J. Gerow, Land Agent.
CALGARY H. F. Komar, Special Colonization Agent.
VANCOUVER James Collier, Farm Labor Agent.
REGINA H. J. Loshan, Land Agent.
EDMONTON G. D. Brophy, District Passenger Agent.
MONTREAL J. Miller, Land Agent.
J. Douglas, General Agricultural Agent.
G. La Due Norwood, Land Agent.
M. E. THORNTON, Assistant Commissioner.
J. B. DENNIS, Chief Commissioner.

Opera by Children

Of special interest to parents will be the announcement that the students of the Public School will be heard in a short musical concert and a one act operetta on the evening of the 5th of March. Those who were fortunate enough to hear the last Operetta rendered by the school students, will recall it with much pleasure.

While it is not possible to see all of the students in the school, yet parents will be vitally interested in the general development of the musical talent of their children. Our school holds an enviable reputation in musical circles in Alberta, and the forth coming concert will be a fair sample of results obtained under professional tuition and efficient teaching.

The operetta chosen for rendition is a popular fairy story entitled "Melilotte" and is of necessity very simple, yet it is replete with tuneful songs, interesting dialogue and pretty dances. The best of these will in all probability be the "Fairy Dance" by a group of girls from grades seven and eight. The characters have been chosen from grades five, seven and eight, and are representative of the respective classes in musical ability.

Much time and effort are being expended to give a finished production, and only those who have taught children will realize and appreciate fully, the amount of work and patience required to teach them that to sing and act. In view of this it is hoped that the public will give generous support in appreciation of the efforts of the of the music department school.

Hand bills will later announce the full program.

C. RABY

LIVE STOCK DEALER

Will buy any quantity any time at

highest market prices

Phone or wire at my expense

Phone 2322, Lethbridge, Alberta

Address: 1004, 6th Ave. S.

FOR SALE—Numerous second-hand parts for Dodge cars. As good as new. Will sell at half price E. J. Schaffer, Raymond.

EYES TESTED

Don't neglect the first symptoms of "eye trouble."

Procrastination means more serious trouble as time goes on. Good eyesight means too much to you to take any chances of permanent disability.

"Prevention is Better than Cure."

J. M. HENDERSON
OPTOMETRIST, OPTICIAN

14 years at Wright's Jewelry Store
Lethbridge

Raymond Tailors

O'Brien Block

Ladies and Gentlemen, get Suits Made to FIT your own Figure. My long experience will Guarantee Satisfaction
Cleaning and Pressing

UNITED CHURCH Services—
Sunday at 7:30 p. m. Everybody welcome.

The Car Of Traditional Quality



QUALITY that is traditional is quality that is born of quality.

The first Ford was a quality car. The Ford cars that are coming off the assembly line today are quality cars.

For twenty-one years Ford quality has been constant. Only this constant quality has made possible the constantly increasing production that has distinguished Ford among motor cars.

The world's confidence in this quality is the most valued, and hence the most guarded of Ford assets.

This is the reason the world has given leadership to Ford.

Ford

CARS • TRUCKS • TRACTORS

PRODUCTS OF TRADITIONAL QUALITY

Use "Our Best"

Galt Lump and Stove Coal

Cash only for coal

HAY and OATS FOR SALE

Ellison Milling Co. - Raymond

Office at Elevator, Phone 1

Wm. Clehns, Agent

Groceries and Meats

We take pride in giving our customers the best of everything

Holt & Son

MEAT MARKET

Phone 17

Fresh Lamb

Give us Your Order
Today

PHONE 81

SUGAR CITY MEAT CO.

Our Motto: "Service and Quality"